# CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

# **CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS**

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FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Prepared by:

Finance Department

Susan Lang, Finance Director

# **CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS**

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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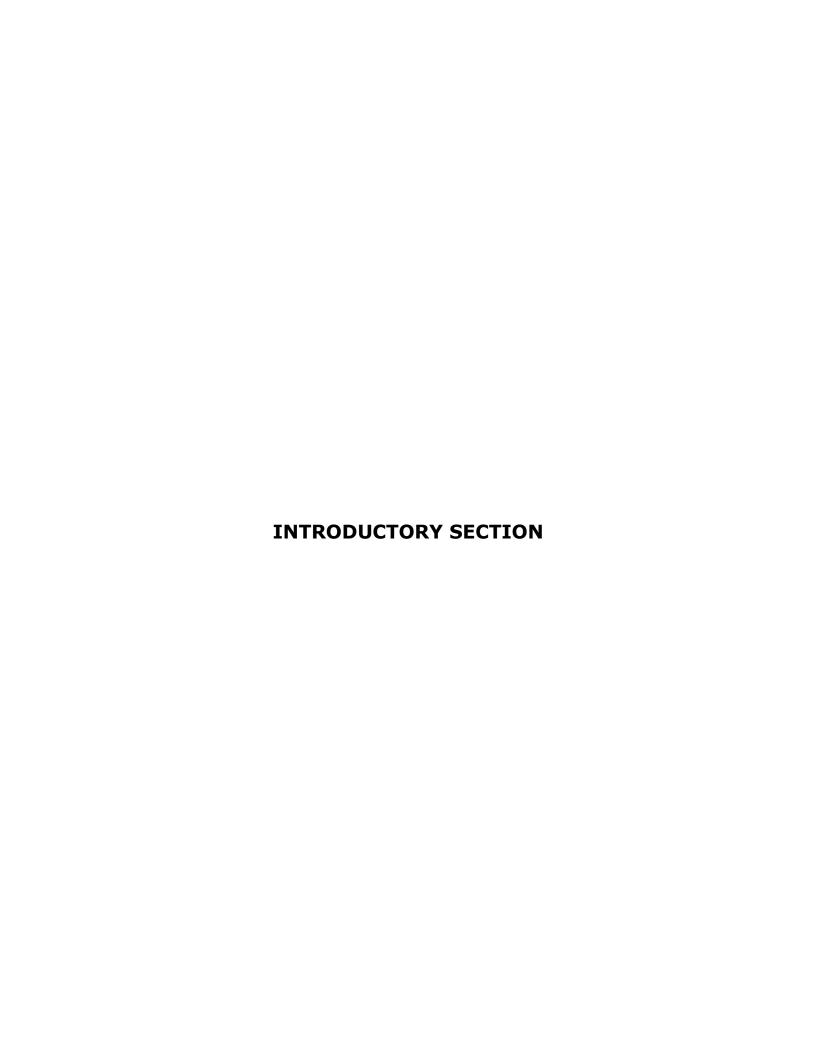
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Main Facsimile: 361-552-6062

May 8, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and the Citizens of Port Lavaca:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas, hereinafter referred to as the "City", for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is hereby submitted. It is published to provide to the City Council, to representatives of financial institutions, and to our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City government. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the enclosed data to be accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

### **City Overview and Governance**

The City has a home-rule Council-Manager form of government. The elected body is made up of a Mayor, who is elected at large, and six Council Members elected by district. The Mayor is elected for a two-year term while Council Members are all elected for staggered three-year terms. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible to implement the policies of the City Council and oversee all day-to-day operations of the City.

The City Council appoints many residents, who volunteer their expertise, experience, and time to serve on various boards and commissions. These standing boards and commissions serve the City in an advisory capacity.

A full range of municipal services are provided by the City including public safety (police, fire protection, and animal control); public utilities (water and wastewater services); public improvements; repair and maintenance of infrastructure; economic and community development including planning and permitting; and general administrative services. This report includes all funds of the City government. The City does not have any component units to report.

The City also manages several quasi-governmental operations including a campground at Lighthouse Beach and the Nautical Landings Marina's commercial office spaces. Additionally, the City manages and leases frontage property and dock space at its port and several harbors, which include City Harbor, Harbor of Refuge, Smith Harbor, and Nautical Landing Marina. The City, with the assistance of the Port Lavaca Chamber of Commerce, operates the Bauer Community Center that is leased throughout the year for public activities and business meetings. Finally, the City jointly runs the Lighthouse Beach Swimming pool with the local YMCA. The City maintains the grounds and pays for pool equipment and

maintenance supplies. The YMCA facilitates the operations of the facility, hiring, training and managing the pool staff.

The City supplies water for its citizens by purchasing treated water from Undine Wholesale Supply, LLC (who purchased the water plant from the Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority), under a long- term contract ending in the year 2035. Collection and disposal of solid waste has been privatized through an awarded contract to Republic Services, Inc.

### **Financial Management**

The City of Port Lavaca each year has pushed to become more proactive in the managing and most importantly, planning for its financial future. The City annually reviews its Financial Management and Budgetary Policy document and makes changes where necessary to ensure long-term financial stability. In addition, the City reviews "best practice" recommendations from the Government Finance Officers Association. These policies are the foundation of each annual budget.

### **Long Term Financial Planning**

The City's Financial Management and Budgetary Policy document speaks to long term goals to not only improve bond ratings, but to maintain a healthy financial position. The City prepares a five-year capital plan that is reviewed and adopted annually. This year, the budget and plan will be completed by all departments documenting the procurement of capital items planned over a five-year period. Methodologies are reviewed for revenue projections and proper level of reserves each year.

The City of Port Lavaca always looks for a more economical way to provide services to our citizens. The City keeps in mind that the economy is still volatile and follows conservative budgeting practices. The City has made full recovery from Hurricane Harvey, and feels we are well-positioned, due to extensive and ongoing mitigation projects, to recover quickly from the next natural disaster.

The City, through policy, has procedures in place to react quickly when signs of sales tax or other major revenue sources are anticipated to deviate materially from the budget. These policy changes will help the City proactively amend the budget at the first sign of change to determine what expenditures in the budget could be delayed in efforts to maintain core services. The conservative fiscal management practiced by Port Lavaca has enabled City Officials to initiate emergency measures while maintaining a significant portion of emergency reserve funds.

### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The City of Port Lavaca is currently home to about 11,338 residents and is located within Calhoun County, Texas. The City is a central hub between Houston, Corpus Christi and San Antonio. As the county seat of Calhoun County, the City's economic base is a combination of manufacturing, oil and gas, agribusiness, seafood production, construction, transportation, and the visitor leisure industry. Several major facilities are in the City of Port Lavaca, including operations to transport liquid fertilizer and seafood processing and distribution facilities. Port Lavaca maintains a rail system origination from its Harbor of Refuge. Highway 87 parallels the rail line in an east-west direction and Highway 35 connecting Houston and Corpus Christi also runs through the City.

Calhoun County, a natural seaport on Lavaca Bay, serves as an attraction for commerce, industry and recreation. The Calhoun County area is a major industrial hub on the Texas Gulf Coast serving as a well-developed regional network of interconnecting transportation systems. Industrial sites are served by the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway and branch channels including the Victoria Barge Canal and the Port in Point Comfort. Calhoun County is in the middle of the world's largest concentration of petrochemical plants - an area which stretches along the Texas Coast from Corpus Christi to Port Arthur. The strong County industry has helped Port Lavaca maintain a stable revenue growth especially during times of economic uncertainty.

The City continues to utilize Hotel Occupancy Tax (HOT) dollars to promote tourism to our beautiful coastal community. The new Hampton Inn is complete and will increase the City's hotel/motel count to 18, with another motel looking to break ground. Additionally, the City is working to ensure

HOT taxes are collected from the numerous short-term rental properties in and around the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ).

We are excited to partner with Calhoun County and the Victoria Economic Development Council in order to leverage our presence in the market throughout the region. Much discussion has been occurring with the Calhoun Port Authority and other entities regarding the proposed deepening and widening project of the Matagorda Bay Ship Channel, which, if approved, will provide for repair and rebuilding of the jetties which will make the channel safer for vessels and reduce the risk of accidents which might put the environmental integrity of Matagorda Bay at risk. Additionally, Chester Island, which is home to various water birds, such as the brown pelican and roseate spoonbill, will greatly benefit from the dredge spoils of the project with planned coordination between local members of the National Audubon Society and the Army Corps of Engineers. The City, who is the closest to the Calhoun Port Authority, sees the potential to capitalize on the increase of fishing and cargo vessel traffic throughout the area by offering safe harbors and easy access to local accommodations and unique restaurants. Both the City of Port Lavaca and Calhoun County have passed resolutions in favor of the deepening and widening project of the Matagorda Bay Ship Channel.

Sales tax revenues decreased slightly from \$3,566,918 in FY 2020-21 to \$3,504,110 in FY 2021-22 (1.8% decrease), however actuals still exceeded budget expectations. While cognizant of the delicate global economy, the City remains conservative with future growth projections. Property tax revenue levied for general purpose for the City increased by 7% in FY 2021-22. The average home value increased by 5%. New value added to the tax roll in the amount of \$6,477,250 was also a contributor for property revenue increase along with adopting a tax rate that exceeded the No New Revenue tax rate. This additional revenue stream was needed to maintain service levels and to cover the cost of increased repair and maintenance costs, and rising health insurance premiums for employees.

The City's financial condition is very strong with fund balance reserves at levels that allow for capital projects to be addressed without borrowing money. The City Council has continued the policy that reserve levels should be maintained at a minimum of 4 months of operating expenditures in the General Fund to provide for operating liquidity and contingency funding for non-specific, unscheduled expenditures including natural disasters. The City maintains a minimum of a 90-day working capital position along with a budget designed to cover depreciation expense in each of the City's enterprise funds.

### **Accomplishments**

The COVID pandemic has been a major challenge with supply chain disruptions and labor pool deficiencies. While the City has seen minimal impact, we also were fiscally sound to withstand the economic impacts brought by the pandemic, while still maintaining a healthy reserve to weather future storms.

Our accomplishments, however, far exceed our challenges as we progressed through Phase I of our CDBG-DR grant for street and drainage improvements, which ultimately required a sizable inflow of funds due to the current economic climate in order to award the project, and barreled through to Phase 2, which again found the need for additional funds due to escalated costs. Luckily, the City was able to utilize excess fund balance reserves to keep the project moving forward. Additionally, the City received a CDBG-MIT grant to construct a living shoreline, received it's long awaited new fire apparatus, completed construction of the long talked about Skatepark, broke ground on and completed the security upgrades at the police department, and completed the Bayfront Park Improvement project which included grant-funded shared-use walking/biking trails.

The City has been extremely fortunate to have received multiple grants that will leverage the taxpayer's investment in sustaining the community for years to come. The City has received funding for critical projects which will be taking place over the next few years. Through the General Land Office (GLO) we have received \$5.1 million for street and drainage improvements, and another \$13.6 million for the living shoreline grant to reduce storm surge and protect the City's

delicate shoreline ecosystem, for a total of \$18.7 million. Additionally, as part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), the City was awarded \$2.9 million as a non-entitlement entity, which is to be distributed via the State in two tranches. The City received it's first tranche of \$1.46 million and will receive the second tranche in fiscal year 2023. These funds will be used to address water and wastewater infrastructure projects that are necessary to meet TCEQ requirements and strengthen the City's water distribution and wastewater treatment processes.

Furthermore, we kicked-off the mass water meter swap project around mid-November, which had been delayed by supply chain issues. We should see a major recovery in lost water revenue due to failing water meters, and anticipate the project to pay for itself within two (2) years.

### Financial Information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Internal accounting controls are established by management to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Also, they are designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and are employed to help maintain accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Public Utility Fund, Beach Operating Fund, Port Revenue Fund, and Hotel/Motel Fund are included in the annual audit, however the only funds with appropriated budgets are the General Fund and the City's Debt Service Fund.

### **Independent Audit**

This report is prepared in compliance with the legal requirements set forth by Article 3.10 of the Charter of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas, as amended. In addition to fulfilling this legal requirement, this report serves to fully disclose financial data on an annual basis to management, the elected City Council and Mayor, the public, investors, and other interested persons. The firm of Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP was engaged by the City to satisfy this requirement.

### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Port Lavaca for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the eleventh time since 1999. The City hopes to continue to receive this highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City believes this annual comprehensive financial report will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and is submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report is a joint effort of the City's Finance Department and the City's independent audit firm, Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP. We would also like to thank the Mayor and Members of City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a proactive and responsible manner.

Respectfully,

JoAnna P. Weaver, P.E. Interim City Manager

Susan Lang, Director of Finance

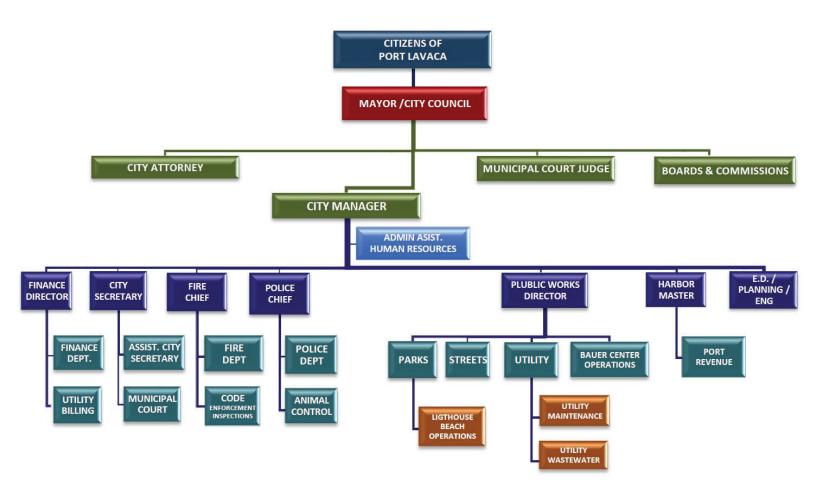
# **CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS**

### LISTING OF PRINCIPLE OFFICERS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

City Officials	Elective Position					
Jack Whitlow	Mayor					
Ken Barr	Council Member					
Jerry Smith	Council Member					
W. Allen Tippit, Jr.	Council Member					
Jim Ward	Council Member					
Tim Dent	Council Member					
Rosie Padron	Mayor Pro-Tem					

Key Staff	Appointive Position
JoAnna P. Weaver	Interim City Manager
Susan Lang	Finance Director
Mandy Grant	City Secretary
Joe Reyes, Jr.	Fire Chief
Colin Rangnow	Police Chief
Wayne Shaffer	Director of Public Works
Derrick Smith	Director of Development Services





# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Port Lavaca Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Waco, Texas 76710



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022 the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas May 8, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of The City of Port Lavaca, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Port Lavaca's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Port Lavaca exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$79,492,326 (net position) compared to \$76,336,195 for the prior year. Of this amount, \$15,350,327 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$3,156,131. The City's operations increased the governmental activities by \$1,840,534 and increased the business-type activities by \$1,315,597.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Port Lavaca's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,692,148 compared to \$14,240,227 for the prior year. \$7,960,315 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,762,124, or 76% of total General Fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Port Lavaca's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include public utilities, port revenue, and beach operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this management's discussion and analysis.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Hurricane Harvey, ARPA/CLFRF Grant, Street Construction, and CDBG Grant Funds, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 17-22 of this report.

*Proprietary funds.* The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its public utilities, port revenue, and beach operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Public Utilities, Port Revenue, and Beach Operating Funds, which are considered major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-49 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50-56 of this report.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These statements can be found on pages 57-60 of this report.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$79,492,326 as of September 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the City's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$15,350,327 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Below are summaries of the City's Statement of Net Position and Changes in Net Position.

### City of Port Lavaca's Net Position

		Governmer	ital /	Activities		Business-Ty	Activities	Total				
	2022 2021				2022		2021	2022			2021	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	15,972,166 34,884,368	\$	17,388,515 29,691,457	\$	8,465,239 33,548,896	\$	6,371,688 31,332,183	\$	24,437,405 68,433,264	\$	23,760,203 61,023,640
Total assets		50,856,534	_	47,079,972	_	42,014,135		37,703,871	_	92,870,669		84,783,843
Deferred outflows of resources	_	283,474	_	305,727	_	31,498	_	61,895	_	314,972		367,622
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	_	1,258,218 4,125,969		1,213,580 2,694,604	_	4,661,775 1,602,467	_	2,290,188 2,246,169	_	5,919,993 5,728,436		3,503,768 4,940,773
Total liabilities	_	5,384,187		3,908,184	_	6,264,242	_	4,536,357	_	11,648,429	_	8,444,541
Deferred inflows of resources	_	795,929	_	358,157	_	1,248,957		12,572	_	2,044,886		370,729
Net position:  Net investment		24 462 045		20 656 225		20 041 122		27 712 054		62 405 077		F6 269 270
in capital assets		34,463,945		28,656,325		28,941,132		27,712,054		63,405,077		56,368,379
Restricted Unrestricted	_	736,922 9,759,025	_	1,112,272 13,350,761	_	5,591,302	_	5,504,783	_	736,922 15,350,327		1,112,272 18,855,544
Total net position	\$ <u></u>	44,959,892	\$_	43,119,358	\$	34,532,434	\$	33,216,837	\$	79,492,326	\$	76,336,195

### City of Port Lavaca's Changes in Net Position

		ital Activities		pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:				., .				
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 491,585	\$ 355,982	\$ 6,100,165	\$ 6,341,253	\$ 6,591,750	\$ 6,697,235		
Operating grants								
and contributions	609,798	3,270,145	-	-	609,798	3,270,145		
Capital grants								
and contributions	1,824,340	172,848	1,345,581	209,193	3,169,921	382,041		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	4,846,803	4,646,594	-	-	4,846,803	4,646,594		
Sales taxes	3,504,110	3,566,918	-	-	3,504,110	3,566,918		
Franchise taxes	590,101	582,631	-	-	590,101	582,631		
Hotel occupancy taxes	490,600	561,956	-		490,600	561,956		
Investment earnings	84,060	7,760	59,323	5,851	143,383	13,611		
Other revenue	<u>75,609</u>	212,081	206,060		281,669	212,081		
Total revenues	12,517,006	13,376,915	7,711,129	6,556,297	20,228,135	19,933,212		
Expenses:								
General government	2,492,123	2,236,695	-	-	2,492,123	2,236,695		
Public safety	4,158,956	3,577,687	-	-	4,158,956	3,577,687		
Public works	2,275,913	1,659,726	-	-	2,275,913	1,659,726		
Culture and recreational	1,016,236	796,615	-	-	1,016,236	796,615		
Interest and fiscal charges	52,061	32,659	-	-	52,061	32,659		
Public utilities	-	-	6,130,673	6,229,273	6,130,673	6,229,273		
Port revenue	-	-	245,542	872,257	245,542	872,257		
Beach operations			700,500	217,457	700,500	217,457		
Total expenses	9,995,289	8,303,382	7,076,715	7,318,987	17,072,004	15,622,369		
Increase (decrease) in net								
position before transfers	2,521,717	5,073,533	634,414	( 762,690)	3,156,131	4,310,843		
Transfers	<u>( 681,183</u> )	( 3,141,736)	681,183	3,141,736				
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,840,534	1,931,797	1,315,597	2,379,046	3,156,131	4,310,843		
Net position, beginning	43,119,358	41,187,561	33,216,837	30,837,791	76,336,195	72,025,352		
Net position, ending	\$ <u>44,959,892</u>	\$ <u>43,119,358</u>	\$ <u>34,532,434</u>	\$ <u>33,216,837</u>	\$ <u>79,492,326</u>	\$ <u>76,336,195</u>		

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,840,534 in the current year compared with an increase of \$1,931,797 in the prior year.

Total governmental activities revenues decreased \$859,909 (6%) to \$12,517,006. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased \$1,651,492 due to more capital grants in the current year, mostly related to CDBG funding.
- Property taxes increased \$200,209 due to an increase in appraised property values.

Total governmental activities expenses increased \$1,691,907 (20%) to \$9,995,289. Key changes are as follows.

- Public safety expenses increased \$581,269 (16%) primarily due to increases in police and fire personnel costs.
- Public works expenses increased \$616,187 (37%) primarily due to an increase in street repair and maintenance projects.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,315,597 in the current year compared to an increase in net position of \$2,379,046 in the prior year.

Total revenues increased \$1,154,832 (18%) to \$7,711,129. The primary reason for the increase was capital grants and contributions increased \$1,136,388 due to revenue related to the City's hazard mitigation grant program.

Total expenses decreased \$242,272 (3%) to \$7,076,715. This occurred as a result of cost savings measures across all functions.

### **Financial Analysis of the City's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,692,148. \$7,960,315 (74%) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or committed for projects and debt service.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 76% of the total General Fund expenditures. Fund balance of the General Fund decreased by -\$2,482,371, largely as a result of approximately \$2.5 million in capital outlay expenditures during the year.

The Hurricane Harvey Fund increased by \$500,867 as a result of reimbursements received for disaster grant expenditures incurred during prior years.

The ARPA/CLFRF Grant Fund increased fund balance by \$22,005 due to unearned grant revenue being recognized as revenue during the current year.

The Street Construction Fund decreased fund balance by \$1,216,432 during the year as a result of capital outlay expenditures for various capital projects.

The CDBG Grant Fund had zero fund balance as of September 30, 2022, as revenues equaled expenditures during the year. Fund balance is expected to be zero over time.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's Public Utility, Port Revenue, and Beach Operating Funds are enterprise funds that comprise the City's proprietary funds. Unrestricted net position for each fund at the end of the year amounted to \$4,679,817, \$289,639 and \$621,846 respectively. The total change in net position for the three funds was \$776,486, \$694,919 and -\$155,808, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The budget was amended several times during the year. Expenditures were increased \$22,000.

During the year, actual revenues were \$510,617 greater than budgeted due to conservative revenues used during budget due to pandemic. Actual expenditures were \$206,323 lower than budget due to cost savings across all functions.

### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$68,433,264 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water and wastewater systems, land improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, roads, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included CDBG street and drainage projects totaling \$1.8 million, water meters totaling \$1.3 million, and a trail at Bayfront Park for \$1 million.

### City of Port Lavaca Capital Assets

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2022 2021		2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 1,844,144	\$ 1,844,144	\$ 2,316,718	\$ 2,316,718	\$ 4,160,862	\$ 4,160,862		
Construction in progress	4,503,809	2,194,720	4,003,020	982,800	8,506,829	3,177,520		
Buildings and improvements	6,755,481	5,306,493	2,489,697	2,137,396	9,245,178	7,443,889		
Machinery and eqiupment	1,682,795	1,022,414	566,447	518,663	2,249,242	1,541,077		
Infrastructure	20,098,139	19,323,686	24,173,014	25,376,606	44,271,153	44,700,292		
Total	\$ <u>34,884,368</u>	\$ <u>29,691,457</u>	\$ <u>33,548,896</u>	\$ <u>31,332,183</u>	\$ <u>68,433,264</u>	\$ <u>61,023,640</u>		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end the City had \$5,553,029 in debt outstanding, an increase of \$1,354,842 from the prior year. \$380,000 are General Obligation Bonds that are backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$1,925,000 are Certificates of Obligation secured by surplus revenues of the Public Utility Fund and ad valorem taxes, and \$200,000 are Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. A financing arrangement of \$2.4 million was added by the business-type activities during the year for the purchase of water meters.

### City of Port Lavaca's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Revenue Bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	980,000	\$	200,000	\$	980,000	
General Obligation Bonds		380,000		700,000		-		-		380,000		700,000	
Certificates of Obligation		-		-		1,925,000		2,100,000		1,925,000		2,100,000	
Financing arrangements		406,450		175,170	:	2,400,000		-		2,806,450		175,170	
Compensated absences		141,500		137,782		17,315		15,574		158,815		153,356	
Premiums	_		_		_	82,764	_	89,661	_	82,764	_	89,661	
Total	\$ <u></u>	927,950	\$_	1,012,952	\$ <u>-</u>	4,625,079	\$_	3,185,235	\$_	5,553,029	\$_	4,198,187	

More detailed information about the City's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements, pages 39-41.

### **Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

### General Fund

The COVID pandemic has been a major challenge with supply chain disruptions and labor pool deficiencies. While the City has seen minimal impact we also were fiscally sound to withstand the economic impacts brought by the pandemic, while still maintaining a healthy reserve to weather future storms.

Our accomplishments, however, far exceed our challenges as we progressed through Phase I of our CDBG-DR grant for street and drainage improvements, which ultimately required a sizable inflow of funds due to the current economic climate in order to award the project, and barreled through to Phase 2, which again found the need for additional funds due to escalated costs. Luckily, the City was able to utilize excess fund balance reserves to keep the project moving forward. Additionally, the City received a CDBG-MIT grant to construct a living shoreline, received it's long-awaited new fire apparatus, completed construction of the long talked about Skatepark, broke ground on and has almost completed the security upgrades at the police department, and finished the grant funded Bayfront Park and biking trails.

The City has been extremely fortunate to have received multiple grants that will leverage the taxpayer's investment in sustaining the community for years to come. The City has received funding for critical projects which will be taking place over the next few years. Through the General Land Office (GLO) we have received \$5.1 million for street and drainage improvements, and another \$13.6 million for the living shoreline grant to reduce storm surge and protect the City's delicate shoreline ecosystem, for a total of \$18.7 million.

### Public Utility Fund

As part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), the City was awarded \$2.9 million as a non-entitlement entity, which was distributed via the State in two tranches. The City received it's first tranche of \$1.46 million and will receive the second tranche in fiscal year 2023. These funds will be used to address water and wastewater infrastructure projects that are necessary to meet TCEQ requirements and strengthen the City's water distribution and wastewater treatment processes.

Furthermore, with most of the supply chain issues worked out, the kick-off of the mass water meter swap project began around mid-October. We should see a major recovery in lost water revenue due to failing water meters if fiscal year 2023. We would like to thank the efforts of numerous staff members who have put many hours of effort into this project.

### Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund

The City continues to utilize Hotel Occupancy Tax (HOT) dollars to promote tourism to our beautiful coastal community. The new Hampton Inn is almost complete and will increase the City's hotel/motel count to 18. Additionally, the City is working to ensure HOT taxes are collected from the numerous short-term rental properties in and round the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ).

### All Major Funds

We are excited to partner with the Victoria Economic Development Council in order to leverage our presence in the market throughout Calhoun County. Additionally, with the expansion of the Port of Calhoun, which will widen the Matagorda ship channel, the City sees the potential to capitalize on the increase of fishing and cargo vessel traffic throughout the area by offering safe harbors and easy access to local accommodations and unique restaurants.

Planned draw-downs of the City's unreserved fund balance, in excess of the required reserves, will be utilized to facilitate one-time purchases of software upgrades to combine an operating platform with Calhoun County which will integrate the operations of 911, exterior renovations to City Hall, new equipment for public safety, and major improvements to the animal control shelter.

### **Request for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 202 North Virginia, Port Lavaca, Texas 77979.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 12,510,693	\$ 5,716,790	\$ 18,227,483
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	780,393	1,874,161	2,654,554
Interfund balances	12,999	( 12,999)	-
Due from other governments	1,983,545	709,806	2,693,351
Prepaid items	165,179	80,968	246,147
Inventories	-	38,807	38,807
Net pension asset	519,357	57,706	577,063
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	6,347,953	6,319,738	12,667,691
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	28,536,415	27,229,158	55,765,573
Total capital assets	34,884,368	33,548,896	68,433,264
Total assets	50,856,534	42,014,135	92,870,669
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflow related to pensions	217,634	24,182	241,816
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	65,840	7,316	73,156
Total deferred outflows of resources	283,474	31,498	314,972

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

LIABILITIES	Go	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	986,628	\$	1,328,694	\$	2,315,322
Payroll related liabilities		119,510		4,542		124,052
Due to other governments		3		9,367		9,370
Accrued interest payabe		20,727		13,270		33,997
Unearned revenue		2,993,891		58,817		3,052,708
Customer deposits		5,210	_	187,777		192,987
Total current liabilities		4,125,969	_	1,602,467		5,728,436
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year						
Long-term debt		492,535		742,582		1,235,117
Due in more than one year						
Long-term debt		435,415		3,882,497		4,317,912
Total OPEB liability	_	330,268	_	36,696		366,964
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	1,258,218	_	4,661,775		5,919,993
Total liabilities		5,384,187	_	6,264,242	•	11,648,429
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflow related to leases		-		1,160,520		1,160,520
Deferred inflow related to pensions		765,410		85,046		850,456
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	_	30,519	_	3,391		33,910
Total deferred inflows of resources		795,929	_	1,248,957	•	2,044,886
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		34,463,945		28,941,132		63,405,077
Restricted for:						
Debt service		227,366		-		227,366
Economic development, tourism and conventions		422,369		-		422,369
Public safety		18,041		-		18,041
Municipal court		69,146		-		69,146
Unrestricted		9,759,025	_	5,591,302		15,350,327
Total net position	\$	44,959,892	\$_	34,532,434	\$	79,492,326

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program Revenues						
					(	Operating		Capital	
				Charges	G	rants and		Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		for Services	Co	ntributions	C	ontributions	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	2,492,123	\$	395,339	\$	20,000	\$	-	
Public safety		4,158,956	•	29,446		589,798	·	-	
Public works		2,275,913		-		_		1,824,340	
Parks and recreation		1,016,236		66,800		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		52,061	_	-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	_	9,995,289	_	491,585 60		609,798		1,824,340	
Business-type activities:									
Public utilities		6,130,673		5,345,804		-		580,129	
Port revenue		700,500		665,213		-		765,452	
Beach operation	_	245,542	_	89,148			_		
Total business-type activities		7,076,715	_	6,100,165		_		1,345,581	
Total primary government	\$	17,072,004	\$_	6,591,750	\$	609,798	\$	3,169,921	

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales and use

Franchise

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Other revenue

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

	Primary	Government
--	---------	------------

G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
\$( ( ( <u>(</u>	2,076,784) 3,539,712) 451,573) 949,436) 52,061) 7,069,566)	\$	- - - - -	\$( ( ( <u>(</u>	2,076,784) 3,539,712) 451,573) 949,436) 52,061) 7,069,566)
	- - - - 7,069,566)	( 	204,740) 730,165 156,394) 369,031 369,031	( <u>(</u>	204,740) 730,165 156,394) 369,031 6,700,535)
<u>(                                    </u>	4,461,447 385,356 3,504,110 590,101 490,600 84,060 75,609 681,183) 8,910,100		- - - - 59,323 206,060 681,183 946,566	_	4,461,447 385,356 3,504,110 590,101 490,600 143,383 281,669 - 9,856,666
_	1,840,534 43,119,358	_	1,315,597 33,216,837	_	3,156,131 76,336,195
\$	44,959,892	\$	34,532,434	\$	79,492,326

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General		Hurricane Harvey		ARPA/CLFRF Grant	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,494,350	\$	-	\$	2,921,054	
Receivables, net	654,864		-		-	
Due from other governments	683,831		56,696		-	
Due from other funds	1,665,242		-		-	
Prepaid items	165,179					
Total assets	 11,663,466	-	56,696	-	2,921,054	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	495,784		-		-	
Payroll related payables	119,510		-		-	
Due to other governments	3		-		-	
Due to other funds	208		808,990		-	
Customer and other deposits	20,727		-		-	
Unearned revenue	72,837		-		2,921,054	
Total liabilities	 709,069		808,990		2,921,054	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	568,599		36,576		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	568,599		36,576			
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaids	165,179		-		-	
Restricted						
Retirement of long-term debt	-		-		-	
Various capital projects	-		-		-	
Tourism and conventions Economic development	-		-		-	
Public safety			-		-	
Municipal court	_		_		_	
Committed						
Capital asset replacement	1,458,495		-		-	
Unassigned	 8,762,124	(	788,870)			
Total fund balances	 10,385,798	(	788,870)		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 11,663,466	\$	56,696	\$	2,921,054	

Street Construction		 CDBG Grant		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	428,000	\$ -	\$	667,289	\$	12,510,693
	- -	-		125,529		780,393
	-	1,236,555		6,463		1,983,545
	-	-		-		1,665,242
_		 	_	-		165,179
_	428,000	 1,236,555	_	799,281	_	17,105,052
	61,973	406,449		22,422		986,628
	-	-		-		119,510
	-	-		-		3
	-	830,106		12,939		1,652,243
	-	-		-		20,727
_		 <del>-</del>	-		_	2,993,891
_	61,973	 1,236,555	_	35,361	_	5,773,002
				24 727		639,902
_		 	-	34,727	_	
_		 	_	34,727	_	639,902
	-	-		-		165,179
	_	_		232,576		232,576
	366,027	_		-		366,027
	-	-		372,748		372,748
	-	-		49,621		49,621
	-	-		18,041		18,041
	-	-		69,146		69,146
	-	-		-		1,458,495
_		 	(	12,939)	_	7,960,315
_	366,027	 -	-	729,193	_	10,692,148
\$_	428,000	\$ 1,236,555	\$_	799,281	\$	17,105,052

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# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	10,692,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets - non-depriciable Capital assets - net depreciable		6,347,953 28,536,415
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes Court fines Code enforcement Grants		516,677 63,003 17,183 43,039
Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.		
Related to pensions Related to OPEB		217,634 65,840
Deferred inflows of resources, represents and acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.		
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	(	765,410) 30,519)
Some assets and liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences, are not reported as assets or liabilities in the governmental funds.		
Net pension asset OPEB liability Accrued interest Compensated absences Non-current liabilities due in one year Non-current liabilities due in more than one year	(	519,357 330,268) 5,210) 141,500) 464,235) 322,215)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ <u>_</u>	44,959,892

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		General	H	Hurricane Harvey	AR	PA/CLFRF Grant
REVENUES	<u></u>					
Taxes:						
Property	\$	4,461,447	\$	-	\$	-
Sales		3,504,110		-		-
Other		622,726		-		-
Fines, fees, and forfeitures		231,473		<del>-</del>		-
Intergovernmental		308,011		502,557		-
Licenses and permits		181,583		-		-
Investment earnings		74,309		-		-
Rental		66,200		-		-
Charges for services		3,744		-		-
Miscellaneous		69,733		-		
Total revenues		9,523,336		502,557		-
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		2,159,261		-		-
Public safety		4,204,094		=		-
Public works		1,688,607		-		-
Parks and recreation		834,691		-		-
Capital outlay		2,545,925		1,690		-
Debt service:						
Principal		141,106		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		11,735				
Total expenditures		11,585,419		1,690		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	2,062,083)		500,867		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		328,474		-		-
Transfers out	(	748,762)		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses	(	420,288)		-		_
		-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	2,482,371)		500,867	-	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		12,868,169		1,289,737)		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	10,385,798	\$ <u>(</u>	788,870)	\$	

Street Construction		CDBG Grant		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	- - - - - 3,585 - -	\$ - - - - 1,824,340 - - - - -	\$	385,356 - 457,975 8,585 - - 6,166 - - - 5,876	\$	4,846,803 3,504,110 1,080,701 240,058 2,634,908 181,583 84,060 66,200 3,744 75,609		
_	3,585	1,824,340		863,958		12,717,776		
	- - - - 1,220,017	- - - - 1,824,340		277,430 6,476 - - - 338,038		2,436,691 4,210,570 1,688,607 834,691 5,930,010		
_	- - 1,220,017	- - 1,824,340		320,000 11,262 953,206		461,106 22,997 15,584,672		
(	1,216,432)		<u>(</u>	89,248)	<u>(</u>	2,866,896)		
<del>-</del>	- - -		<u>(                                     </u>	20,000 280,895) 260,895)	<u>(</u>	348,474 1,029,657) 681,183)		
(	1,216,432)		(	350,143)	(	3,548,079)		
_	1,582,459			1,079,336		14,240,227		
\$_	366,027	\$	\$	729,193	\$	10,692,148		

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# RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IS FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$(	3,548,079)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost and accumulated depreciation of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Other transactions involving capital assets include disposals.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	(	5,932,127 1,111,602)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Grants	(	200,770)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Payment on bonds Payments on financing arrangements Amortization of deferred charge on refunding bonds	(	320,000 141,106 25,645)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension asset	(	3,718) 3,419) 361,850
Total OPEB liability	(_	21,316)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,840,534

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Public   Port   Port		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							5
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 4,936,120         \$ 150,971         \$ 629,699         \$ 5,716,700           Receivables, net         666,262         1,207,448         451         1,874,161           Due from other funds         589,806         120,000         - 709,806           Prepald Items         34,511         17,202         9,137         89,806           Inventory         38,807         - 9         38,807           Total current assets         57,706         1,495,739         639,495         8,420,740           Noncurrent assets         57,706         - 9         57,706         57,706           Repension asset         57,706         - 9         57,706         27,211         273,813         6,319,738         6,319,738         27,201,679         273,813         6,319,738         6,319,738         27,201,679         273,813         6,319,738         27,206,679         273,813         6,319,738         27,206,679         273,813         6,319,738         27,206,679         27,7316         273,815         27,201,679         3,055,786         27,220,158         27,709,61         273,813         6,319,738         27,201,679         3,055,786         27,220,158         27,709,61         273,815         27,201,679         3,055,786         27,220,158 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Utility</td> <td></td> <td>Revenue</td> <td></td> <td>Operating</td> <td></td> <td>Total</td>			Utility		Revenue		Operating		Total
Cach and cash equivalents         4,936,120         \$150,971         6 629,699         \$7,716,710           Receivables, net         666,262         1,207,448         451         1,874,161           Due from other funds         589,806         12,000         -         708,806           Prepaid Items         54,511         17,320         9,377         708,806           Inventory         38,807         -         -         38,807           Total current assets         6,285,506         1,495,739         639,495         8420,740           Noncurrent assets         57,706         -         -         57,706           Capital assets         57,706         -         -         57,706           Capital assets         3,265,964         2,779,961         2,381,36         3,613,738           Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         16,878,009         6,385,363         3,965,786         2,7229,158           Total ansets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferre									
Receivables, net									
Due from other funds	•	\$		\$	•	\$		\$	
Due from other governments	·		666,262		1,207,448				
Prepaid Items			-		-		208		
Inventory			•		•		- 0.127		•
Total current assets					17,320		9,137		
Noncurrent assets         57,706         -         57,706           Capital assets         3,265,964         2,779,961         273,813         6,319,738           Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         16,878,009         6,385,363         3,965,786         27,229,158           Total noncurrent assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Total assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Total assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         7,316           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,207 </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>1 405 720</td> <td>-</td> <td>620.405</td> <td>_</td> <td></td>		_		-	1 405 720	-	620.405	_	
Net pension asset         57,706         -         -         57,706           Capital assets         3,265,964         2,779,961         273,813         6,319,738           Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         16,878,009         6,385,363         3,965,786         27,229,158           Total noncurrent assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,999         33,606,602           Total assets         26,487,185         10,661,063         4,879,099         33,606,602           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LABILITIES         Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LACCOUNTS paysble         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Accounts paysble         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accounts paysble         1	lotal current assets	_	0,283,300	-	1,495,739	-	639,495	_	8,420,740
Capital assets         Nondepreciable         3,265,964         2,779,961         273,813         6,319,738           Nondepreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         16,878,009         6,385,363         3,965,786         27,229,158           Total noncurrent assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Total assets         26,487,185         10,661,063         4,879,094         42,027,342           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,496           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           LASELITIES         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,279      <									
Nondepreciable		_	57,706	_	=	-	=	_	57,706
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         16,878,009         6,385,363         3,965,786         27,229,158           Total noncurrent assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Total assets         26,487,185         10,661,063         4,879,094         42,027,342           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         7,316           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Une armed revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         9.00         187,774           Current portion of									
Total noncurrent assets         20,201,679         9,165,324         4,239,599         33,606,602           Total assets         26,487,185         10,661,063         4,879,094         42,027,342           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           Total current liabilities         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related posities         1,2378         422         -         13,207           Out ther governments	·						•		
Total assets         26,487,185         10,661,063         4,879,094         42,027,342           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred outflow related to pensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to OPEBS         7,316         -         -         7,316           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accounts payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,663           Current portion of long-term liabilities<		_		_		-		_	
Deferred outflow related to pensions   24,182   -	Total noncurrent assets	_		_		_		_	
Deferred outflow related to opensions         24,182         -         -         24,182           Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         7,316           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LTABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Total Current liabilities         3,696 <td< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>_</td><td>26,487,185</td><td>_</td><td>10,661,063</td><td>_</td><td>4,879,094</td><td>_</td><td>42,027,342</td></td<>	Total assets	_	26,487,185	_	10,661,063	_	4,879,094	_	42,027,342
Deferred outflow related to OPEBs         7,316         -         -         7,316           Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           EXBILITIES         Secondary of the part of t	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred outflows of resources         31,498         -         -         31,498           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         31,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         13,852           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         36,696	Deferred outflow related to pensions		24,182		-		-		24,182
Current liabilities	Deferred outflow related to OPEBs		7,316	_		_		_	7,316
Current liabilities         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,869           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         13,869           Total Overent liabilities         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	31,498	_		_		_	31,498
Current liabilities         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,869           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         13,869           Total Overent liabilities         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881	LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable         1,287,384         24,778         16,532         1,328,694           Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         5,807         4,045         -         36,695           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total Original liabilities         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total inabilities         2,087,384         1,831,									
Payroll related liabilities         4,268         57         217         4,542           Accrued interest payable         2,378         10,892         -         13,270           Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         -         1,160,520	Accounts payable		1,287,384		24,778		16,532		1,328,694
Due to other governments         9,367         -         -         9,367           Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         3,6696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,919,193           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,52			4,268		57		217		
Due to other funds         12,785         422         -         13,207           Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         3,6696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -	Accrued interest payable		2,378		10,892		-		13,270
Unearned revenue         54,442         4,375         -         58,817           Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         3,6696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred	Due to other governments				-		-		
Customer deposits         186,877         -         900         187,777           Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         5,807         4,045         -         13,852           Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to opensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,							-		•
Compensated absences         2,452         1,011         -         3,463           Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         -         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         -         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to opensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION         1,160,520					4,375		-		
Current portion of long-term liabilities         559,119         180,000         -         739,119           Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         8         2,2119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>900</td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		900		
Total current liabilities         2,119,072         221,535         17,649         2,358,256           Noncurrent liabilities         36,696         -         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td></td>							=		
Noncurrent liabilities         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302		_		-		_	<del>-</del>	_	
Compensated absences         9,807         4,045         -         13,852           Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Total current liabilities	_	2,119,072	_	221,535	-	17,649	_	2,358,256
Total OPEB liability         36,696         -         -         36,696           Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Noncurrent liabilities								
Bonds payable         2,040,881         1,827,764         -         3,868,645           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302					4,045		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities         2,087,384         1,831,809         -         3,919,193           Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302			•		-		-		
Total liabilities         4,206,456         2,053,344         17,649         6,277,449           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION         Secondary of the color	. ,	_		_		-	=	_	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Total noncurrent liabilities	_	2,087,384	_	1,831,809	_		_	3,919,193
Deferred inflow related to leases         -         1,160,520         -         1,160,520           Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Total liabilities	_	4,206,456	_	2,053,344	_	17,649	_	6,277,449
Deferred inflow related to pensions         85,046         -         -         85,046           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflow related to OPEB         3,391         -         -         3,391           Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Deferred inflow related to leases		-		1,160,520		-		1,160,520
Total deferred inflows of resources         88,437         1,160,520         -         1,248,957           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         17,543,973         7,157,560         4,239,599         28,941,132           Unrestricted         4,679,817         289,639         621,846         5,591,302	Deferred inflow related to pensions		85,046		-		-		85,046
NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       17,543,973       7,157,560       4,239,599       28,941,132         Unrestricted       4,679,817       289,639       621,846       5,591,302	Deferred inflow related to OPEB		3,391	_		_		_	3,391
Net investment in capital assets       17,543,973       7,157,560       4,239,599       28,941,132         Unrestricted       4,679,817       289,639       621,846       5,591,302	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	88,437	_	1,160,520	_	-	_	1,248,957
Net investment in capital assets       17,543,973       7,157,560       4,239,599       28,941,132         Unrestricted       4,679,817       289,639       621,846       5,591,302	NET POSITION								
Unrestricted <u>4,679,817</u> <u>289,639</u> <u>621,846</u> <u>5,591,302</u>	Net investment in capital assets		17,543,973		7,157,560		4,239,599		28,941,132
				_		_		_	
	Total net position	\$_	22,223,790	\$_	7,447,199	\$_	4,861,445	\$_	34,532,434

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Вι	ısine	ss-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise Fu	nds	
		Public		Port		Beach		
ORED ATTING DEVENUES	_	Utility		Revenue		Operating		Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services:	<b>+</b>	2 127 200	<b>.</b>		<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>	2 127 200
Water sales	\$	2,127,388	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,127,388
Sewer services		1,739,527		-		-		1,739,527
Waste collection		874,525		-		-		874,525
Tap and service fees		528,682		-		-		528,682
Gate fees		-		-		458		458
Leases and rentals		-		565,301		88,690		653,991
Port tariffs		-		98,151		=		98,151
Penalties		75,682		1,761		-		77,443
Miscellaneous	_	202,681	_	2,207	_	1,172	_	206,060
Total operating revenues	_	5,548,485	_	667,420	_	90,320	_	6,306,225
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services		887,330		95,854		6,506		989,690
Materials and supplies		80,101		12,902		1,882		94,885
Services		2,175,322		254,674		40,012		2,470,008
Water purchases		1,258,816		- 15.066		- 22 126		1,258,816
Maintenance and repairs Depreciation and amortization		518,118 1,058,772		15,066 246,012		33,126 155,593		566,310 1,460,377
Miscellaneous		90,746		240,012		8,423		99,169
Total operating expenses		6,069,205		624,508	_	245,542	_	6,939,255
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		_		•	_	<u> </u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(</u>	520,720)	_	42,912	(_	155,222)	<u>(</u>	633,030)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings	,	49,783	,	4,918		4,622	,	59,323
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>(</u>	61,468)	(_	75,992)			(	137,460)
Total nonoperating revenues	,	11 (05)	,	71 074)		4.622	,	70 127\
(expenses)		11,685)		71,074)	_	4,622	_	78,137)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE								
CONTRITUBTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(	532,405)	(	28,162)	(	150,600)	(	711,167)
Capital contributions		580,129		765,452		-		1,345,581
Transfers in		728,762		-		-		728,762
Transfers out	_		(	42,371)	(	5,208)	(	47,579)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	_	776,486	_	694,919	(	155,808)	_	1,315,597
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	_	21,447,304		6,752,280		5,017,253	_	33,216,837
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	22,223,790	\$	7,447,199	\$	4,861,445	\$_	34,532,434

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Bu	sines	s-type Activiti	ies - Fr	nternrise Fun	ds	
	Pub		511105	Port		Beach	uo	
	Util	ity		Revenue	Op	perating		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers		21,211	\$(	983,684)	\$	<b>,</b> -	\$	4,640,642
Cash paid to employees		44,875)	(	98,290)	(	6,289)	(	1,049,454)
Cash paid to suppliers and service providers Net cash provided (used) by	( 5,8	94,289)		580,220)		496,673)		6,971,182)
operating activities	( 1,3	17,953)	(	1,662,194)	(	399,847)	(	3,379,994)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from other funds	7	28,762		_		_		728,762
Transfers to other funds			(	42,371)	(	5,208)	(	47,579)
Net cash provided (used) by	_		,	40.074	,	= aaa\		
noncapital financing activities	7	28,762	(	42,371)	(	5,208)		681,183
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of								
financing arrangements	2,4	00,000		1,160,520		-		3,560,520
Capital contributions	5	80,129		765,452		242,253		1,587,834
Acquisition and construction of	, -	o. =o.\	,				,	
capital assets		21,721)	(	676,868)		-	(	998,589)
Principal payment on long-term debt		80,000) 13,131)	(	181,897) 75,992)		-	(	961,897) 89,123)
Interest paid on long-term debt		13,131)		75,992)				69,123)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	1,8	65,277		991,215		242,253		3,098,745
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		49,783	_	4,918		4,622		59,323
Net cash provided (used) by								
investing activities		49,783	_	4,918		4,622		59,323
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	1,3	<u>25,869</u>	(	708,432)	(	158,180)		459,257
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	3,6	10,251		859,403		787,879		5,257,533
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ <u>4,9</u>	36,120	\$	150,971	\$	629,699	\$	5,716,790

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

			sine		ies -	Enterprise Fur	nds	
		Public Utility		Port Revenue		Beach Operating		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING		Othicy		Revenue		Operating		Total
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH								
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES TO NET CASH PROVIDED								
(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$(	520,720)	\$	42,912	\$(	155,222)	\$(	633,030)
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided								
by operating activities:								
Depreciation	(	1,058,772)	(	246,012)	(	155,593)	(	1,460,377)
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable	(	29,638)	(	1,157,066)		-	(	1,186,704)
Prepaids	(	24,919)	(	10,850)	(	6,711)	(	42,480)
Inventory	(	24)		-		-	(	24)
Due from other funds		-		-	(	208)	(	208)
Due from other governments	(	360,379)		-		-	(	360,379)
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable		716,551	(	289,164)	(	82,330)		345,057
Payroll related liabilites	(	30,939)	(	2,506)		217	(	33,228)
Due to other funds		12,785		422		-		13,207
Compensated absences		1,571		170		-		1,741
Net pension liability	(	31,030)		-		-	(	31,030)
Total OPEB liability		2,853		-		-		2,853
Unearned revenue	(	8,615)		-		-	(	8,615)
Customer deposits		10,979	(	100)		-		10,879
Due to other governments		2,344	•	-		_		2,344
Net cash provided (used) by	-	<u> </u>		-	_	-		· · · · · ·
operating activities	\$(	1,317,953)	\$(	1,662,194)	\$(	399,847)	\$(	3,379,994)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Relie Retir	man's ef and rement und	Police Seized Iforfeiture Fund
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Due from other governments  Total assets	\$	75 - 75	\$ 38,447 6,069 44,516
NET POSITION  Restricted for payment of pension benefits Restricted for disposition by court order Total net position	\$	75 - 75	\$ - 44,516 44,516

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Firem Relief Retirer Fun	and nent	S Nonf	Police eized Forfeiture Fund
ADDITIONS	<b>.</b>	1 575	<b>.</b>	
Employer contributions Seizure collections	\$	1,575 -	\$	14,684
Total additions		1,575		14,684
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Benefits paid		1,550		-
Seizure disbursements				868
Total deductions		1,550		868
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		25		13,816
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		50		30,700
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	75	\$	44,516

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated November 1, 1919, and adopted a home rule charter January 31, 1956. The City is governed by an elected six-member council and mayor. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. As of September 30, 2022, no entities met the criteria to be considered a component unit of the City.

#### B. Description of governmental-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The governmental activities and business-type activities together constitute the primary government.

## C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the later are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation.

#### **Hurricane Harvey Fund**

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to disaster grants received by the City after Hurricane Harvey.

#### **ARPA/CLFRF Fund**

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the City's federal grant received under the American Rescue Plan Act for the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Street Construction**

The street construction fund accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

#### **CDBG Grant**

Accounts for funds received through the City's Community Development Block Grant for street and drainage infrastructure.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

#### **Public Utility Fund**

Accounts for the City's provision of water, wastewater, and sanitation services.

#### **Port Revenue Fund**

Accounts for the activities of the City's port and harbor.

#### **Beach Operating Fund**

Accounts for the operation of the City's Lighthouse Beach and adjacent RV park.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The City's debt service fund is the 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Fund, which accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, payment of principal and interest on the bonds.

### **Pension Trust Fund**

The Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund accounts for the payment of benefits to the City's eligible retired volunteer fire fighters.

#### **Custodial Fund**

The Police Seized Nonforfeiture Fund accounts for assets seized by the City's police department which are awaiting disposition by a court order.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The City's investments in Pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools

#### 2. Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

## 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred, (i.e., the purchase method). The inventories of supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful years.

Asset Description	Years
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	20-75
Buildings and improvements	5-50

#### 5. Lease

The City is a lessor in an arrangement allowing for the use of dock and harbor space owned by the City. In both the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, the City initially measured the lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue on a systematic basis over the life of the lease.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position, and deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the differences between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate differences between the estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: property taxes, court fines, code enforcement and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In both the governmental funds and government-wide financial statements deferred amounts are reported related to leases, and in the government-wide financial statements the government reports deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB.

#### 7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### 8. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (Council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The City will maintain a minimum fund balance in its General Fund equal to 180 days of the operating expenditures and a policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance of no less than 120 days of operating expenditures as to provide operating liquidity and contingency funding for nonspecific unscheduled expenditures such as natural disasters or major unexpected expenditures. In the event that the unassigned fund balance is calculated to be less than the policy stipulates, the City shall plan to adjust budget resources in subsequent fiscal years to restore the balance.

The City also has a goal to maintain a working capital position equal to 120 days of the operating budget and a policy to maintain a working capital position no less than 90 days of the operating budget in the enterprise funds.

### 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Long-term debt and other obligations, financed by proprietary funds, are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

The City participates in a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan, both for current and retired employees, administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). The City reports the total liability for this plan on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Information regarding the City's total OPEB liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS' consulting actuary.

#### 13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

## 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

## 2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

Legislation was passed in 1979, and amended in 1981 and 2019, by the Texas Legislature which affects the method of property assessment and tax collection in the City. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property and household goods. In addition, this legislature creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of county-wide appraisal districts and for a State Property Tax Board which commenced operation in January 1980. The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Calhoun County Appraisal District. The Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment rations. The value of real property within the Appraisal District must be reviewed at least every four years. The City, at its own expense, may challenge appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the City continues to set tax rates on property within the City limits. However, if the proposed tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements and revaluation, exceeds the voter-approved tax rate, qualified voters of the City have an automatic election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 3.5 percent above the no new revenue rate.

#### 3. Compensated Absences

The City's policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Unused vacation benefits are reported in the accompanying financial statements as a long-term liability. No liability is recorded for unused sick pay benefits as they are not disbursed to employees when they separate from service with the City.

### 4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the public utility fund, port revenue fund, and beach operating fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The public utility fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### 5. Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was adopted effective October 1, 2021. The statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for lease contracts. Statement No. 87 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and revenues and expenses related to leases in the basic financial statements, in addition to requiring more extensive note disclosures. The adoption of this standard did not result in a restatement of beginning fund balance or net position, but assets and deferred inflows were recognized, and more extensive note disclosures were required.

## II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Deficit Fund Balance

As of September 30, 2022, the Hurricane Harvey, Bulletproof Vest Grant, and Reflex Traffic System funds had reported deficit fund balances of \$788,870, \$9,630, and \$3,309, respectively. These were the result of timing differences between the grant expenditures and the recognition of revenue, and are expected to reverse in future fiscal years.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The primary government may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposits, money market savings accounts, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, common trust funds and other investments specifically allowed by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1987.

Interest rate risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the City's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAA-m, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Custodial credit risk – deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of September 30, 2022, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

At September 30, 2022, the City held the following investments:

			Weighted	Percentage		
		Credit	Average	of Total		Reported
Inve	estment	Rating	Maturity	Investments		Value
Investment in	Logic	AAAm	34 days	100%	\$_	8,976,062
Total inv	estments				\$_	8,976,062

#### **B.** Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the government at year end:

			N	lonmajor		Public		Port		Beach		
		General	Gov	/ernmental		Utility		Revenue		Operating		Totals
Property tax	\$	624,287	\$	29,752	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	654,039
Court fines		140,006		-		-		-		-		140,006
Franchise tax		85,764		-		-		-		-		85,764
Other		500		97,265		-		6,997		451		105,213
Accounts		171,833		-		825,264		1,215,026		-		2,212,123
Allowance	(	367,526)	(	1,488)	(	159,002)	(	14,575)	_	<del>-</del>	(	542,591)
Totals	\$	654,864	\$	125,529	\$	666,262	\$	1,207,448	\$	451	\$	2,654,554

#### C. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied (assessed) each October 1, on the value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real property and personal property located in the City. Such assessed value for 2021 was computed based on 100% of appraised value. The government may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and debt service for the period ended September 30, 2022, was \$0.7944 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Taxes are billed and due on October 1 of each year. The last date for payment without penalty is the following January 31. Delinquent penalties are added on February 1 with additional attorney fees being added on July 1. Lien attaches to properties on the January 1 following levy date. Calhoun County bills and collects the general property taxes for the City. During the fiscal year, the City collected approximately 98% of the 2021 tax levy.

In the governmental funds the City's property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables available for financing current operations. The remaining receivables are reflected in deferred inflows.

#### D. Deferred Inflows of Resources

At the end of the fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property taxes	\$	516,677
Court fines		63,003
Code enforcement		17,183
Grants	_	43,039
Total	\$	639,902

#### E. Interfund Transfers and Balances

The composition of interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds at September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Amount	Purpose
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	280,895	Administrative costs
General	Port Revenue		42,371	Administrative costs
General	Beach Operating		5,208	Administrative costs
Public Utility	General Fund		728,762	Administrative costs
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	_	20,000	Grant match
Total		\$ <u>_</u>	1,077,236	

Interfund balances as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Due To	Due From		Amount	<u>Purpose</u>
General	Hurricane Harvey	\$	808,990	Short-term cash loan
General	Nonmajor Governmental		12,939	Short-term cash loan
General	CDBG Grant		830,106	Short-term cash loan
General	Public Utility		12,785	Short-term cash loan
Beach Operating	General		208	Short-term cash loan
General	Port Revenue	_	422	Short-term cash loan
Total		\$	1,665,450	

# F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Seginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	,				
Capital assets, not					
being depreciated:	<b>+</b>	1 044 144	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	t 1 044 144
Land Construction in progress	\$	1,844,144 2,194,720	\$ - 4,952,040	\$ - ( 2,642,951)	\$ 1,844,144 4,503,809
Total assets not being depreciated		4,038,864	4,952,040	( 2,642,951)	6,347,953
Capital assets, being depreciated:		1,030,001		( 2/012/331)	
Building and improvements		9,662,169	1,767,211	_	11,429,380
Machinery and equipment		4,178,736	889,786	_	5,068,522
Infrastructure		36,290,310	1,338,427	-	37,628,737
Total capital assets	-				
being depreciated		50,131,215	3,995,424		54,126,639
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	(	4,355,676)	( 318,224)	-	( 4,673,900)
Machinery and equipment	(	3,156,322)	( 229,405)	-	( 3,385,727)
Infrastructure	(	16,966,624)	( 563,973)		( 17,530,597)
Total accumulated depreciation	(	24,478,622)	( 1,111,602)		( 25,590,224)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net		25,652,593	2,883,822		28,536,415
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$	29,691,457	\$ <u>7,835,862</u>	\$ <u>( 2,642,951</u> )	\$ 34,884,368
	P	eginning			Ending
	_	egiiiiiig			. 3
		Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-type activities:			Additions	Deletions	_
Capital assets, not			Additions	Deletions	_
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Balance			Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land		2,316,718	\$ -	\$ -	Balance \$ 2,316,718
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress		2,316,718 982,800	\$ - 3,549,277	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated		2,316,718	\$ -	\$ -	Balance \$ 2,316,718
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966) 25,905,983)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577) ( 1,210,044)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543) ( 27,116,027)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation: Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966) 25,905,983) 30,524,260)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577) ( 1,210,044) ( 1,460,377)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543) ( 27,116,027) ( 31,984,637)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation:		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966) 25,905,983)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577) ( 1,210,044)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543) ( 27,116,027)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation: Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966) 25,905,983) 30,524,260)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577) ( 1,210,044) ( 1,460,377)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543) ( 27,116,027) ( 31,984,637)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,316,718 982,800 3,299,518 5,959,707 1,314,629 51,282,589 58,556,925 3,822,311) 795,966) 25,905,983) 30,524,260)	\$ - 3,549,277 3,549,277 529,057 121,361 6,452 656,870 ( 176,756) ( 73,577) ( 1,210,044) ( 1,460,377)	\$ - ( 529,057)	\$ 2,316,718 4,003,020 6,319,738 6,488,764 1,435,990 51,289,041 59,213,795 ( 3,999,067) ( 869,543) ( 27,116,027) ( 31,984,637)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 108,316
Public safety	169,733
Public works	624,765
Parks and recreation	 208,788
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,111,602
Business-type activities:	
Public Utility	\$ 1,058,772
Port Commission	246,012
Beach Operating	 155,593
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,460,377

#### G. Long-Term Liabilities

## 1. Bonds Payable

The City issues General Obligation Bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. All of the City's General Obligation bonds and Contractual Obligation-Private Placement are direct obligations of the City, payable from a continuing ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property within the City, within the limits prescribed by law. The City's Certificates of Obligation issues are direct obligations of the City, payable from a combination of (i) an annual ad valorem tax levied, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and (ii) a limited pledge (not to exceed \$1,000) of the surplus net revenues of the City's utility system. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity	Interest	Original		Amount
Purpose	Date	Rate	 Principal		Outstanding
Series 2012 GO Refunding Bonds	2024	2.03%	\$ 2,945,000	\$	380,000
Total governmental activities			\$ 2,945,000	\$	380,000
Series 2016 GO Refunding Bonds	2024	1.1 - 5.0%	\$ 3,810,000	\$	200,000
Series 2008 Combination Tax & Revenue CO's	2028	3.93%	1,700,000		675,000
Series 2018 Combination Tax & Revenue CO's	2034	3.5 - 5.0%	 1,475,000		1,250,000
Total bustiness-type activities			\$ 6,985,000	\$_	2,125,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities									
	 General Obligation									
Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Total					
2023 2024	\$  320,000 60,000	\$ 	4,466 609	\$	324,466 60,609					
Total	\$ 380,000	\$	5,075	\$	385,075					

	Business-Type Activities											
	General Obligation				Certificates of Obligation							
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	100,000	\$	3,025	\$	103,025	\$	180,000	\$	74,889	\$	254,889
2024		100,000		1,025		101,025		190,000		67,561		257,561
2025		-		-		-		200,000		59,836		259,836
2026		-		-		-		210,000		51,239		261,239
2027		-		-		-		220,000		41,746		261,746
2028-2032		-		-		-		675,000		103,095		778,095
2033-2034	_		_		_		_	250,000	_	8,751		258,751
Total	\$	200,000	\$_	4,050	\$_	204,050	\$	1,925,000	\$_	407,117	\$	2,332,117

### 2. Financing Arrangements

The City has acquired certain capital assets for governmental and business-type activities through the issuance of financing arrangements. The City's direct borrowings (financing arrangements) related to governmental and business-type activities are secured with equipment as collateral.

Financing arrangements are comprised of the following issue at September 30, 2022:

Purpose	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Principal	Amount Outstanding
'	-			
Pierce Pumper Loan	2024	2.25%	\$ 372,386	\$ 251,009
SECO Loan	2030	2.00%	187,825	155,441
Total governmental activities			\$560,211	\$ <u>406,450</u>
Water Meter Loan	2027	2.22%	\$ <u>2,400,000</u>	\$ <u>2,400,000</u>
Total bustiness-type activities			\$ <u>2,400,000</u>	\$ <u>2,400,000</u>

The future minimum debt service payments to maturity for the financing arrangements as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	 Gov	/err	nmental Activ	∕ iti∈	es	Business-Type Activities				S			
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	 Principal		Interest Total		Total		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 144,235	\$	8,606	\$	152,841	\$	459,119	\$	53,376	\$	512,495		
2024	147,436		5,408		152,844		469,330		43,165		512,495		
2025	20,946		2,140		23,086		479,768		32,727		512,495		
2026	21,368		1,717		23,085		490,438		22,057		512,495		
2027	21,799		1,286		23,085		501,345		11,150		512,495		
2028-2030	 50,666	_	1,275	_	51,941	_		_		_			
Total	\$ 406,450	\$_	20,432	\$ <u>_</u>	426,882	\$ <u>_</u>	2,400,000	\$_	162,475	\$	2,562,475		

### 3. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022 are summarized below:

		Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions				Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	700,000	\$	-	\$	320,000	\$	380,000	\$	320,000
Financing arrangements		547,556		-		141,106		406,450		144,235
Compensated absences		137,782	_	198,100	_	194,382	_	141,500	_	28,300
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	1,385,338	\$_	198,100	\$	655,488	\$_	927,950	\$	492,535
		Beginning	ning				Ending		Due Within	
		Balance	Additions Reductions		Balance		One Year			
Business-type activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	980,000	\$	-	\$	780,000	\$	200,000	\$	100,000
Certificates of obligation		2,100,000		-		175,000		1,925,000		180,000
Premium on bonds		89,661		-		6,897		82,764		-
Financing arrangements		-		2,400,000		-		2,400,000		459,119
Compensated absences	_	15,574	_	24,241	_	22,500	_	17,315	_	3,463
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,185,235	\$_	2,424,241	\$	984,397	\$_	4,625,079	\$	742,582

Compensated absences of the governmental activities and business-type activities are paid by the General Fund and Public Utility and Port Revenue Funds, respectively.

#### H. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's general liability, automobile and property insurance is underwritten through a self-insurance fund for Texas political subdivisions. Premiums are paid to the carrier, and they administer all claims. The City is also insured for workers' compensation claims through a self-insurance fund for Texas political subdivisions. Rates are determined by the state, and the pool assigns discount rates to premiums based upon the City's claims history. The City retains, as a risk, only the deductible amount of each policy.

The City has maintained insurance coverage in all major categories of risk comparable to that of the prior year with no reduction in coverage. The amount of settlements during the past three years has not exceeded the insurance coverage.

#### I. Volunteer Firefighter's Benefit Plan

The City provides a pension benefit for all retired volunteer firemen who qualify under the provisions of the Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act. To be eligible, individuals must have completed at least 20 years of service and be at least 55 years old. Quarterly payments of \$75 are made to qualifying individuals until their death, at which time the surviving spouse, if any, is entitled to receive payments of \$50 per quarter until death. As of September 30, 2022, there were 7 individuals receiving benefits under the plan. Benefit payments for the year totaled \$1,550.

An actuarial study has not been performed to determine the City's accrued liability related to this benefit plan. Management estimates that the unfunded liability for vested benefits was between \$40,000 and \$50,000 as of September 30, 2022.

#### J. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The City's responsibility is to transmit employee contributions to the third-party plan administrator for deposit to the credit of the individual participant accounts. The City does not have significant administrative involvement for the assets of the plan and does not perform the investment function for the plan.

## K. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### 1. Plan Description

The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS does not receive any funding from the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

## 2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions with interest, the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24 or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest.

A summary of plan provisions for the City are as follows:

Employee deposit rate 5%

Matching ratio (city to employee) 1.5 to 1

Years required for vesting 5

Retirement eligibility (age/service) 60/5, 0/25

Updated service credit 100% repeating, transfers

Annuity increase to retirees 70% of CPI

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries current receiving benefits	69
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet received benefits	137
Active employees	90
Total	296

#### 3. Contributions

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the City matching ratios are either 1:1(1 to 1), 1.5:1 (1  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1) or 2:1 (2 to 1), both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 6.14% and 6.17% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$263,678, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### 4. Net Pension Asset

The City's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return (Arithmetic)
Global Public Equity	35.0%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	5.68%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.0%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.0%	6.85%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	5.35%
Private Equity	<u>10.0%</u>	10.00%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension ability/(Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balance at 12/31/2020 Changes for the year:	\$	12,378,807	\$	12,086,643	\$	292,164		
Service cost		438,548		-		438,548		
Interest		828,696		-		828,696		
Difference between expected and						\		
actual experience	(	78,357)		-	(	78,357)		
Contributions - employer		-		263,678	(	263,678)		
Contributions - employee		-		228,887	(	228,887)		
Net investment income Benefits payments, including refunds		-		1,572,789	(	1,572,789)		
of employee contributions	(	642,202)	(	642,202)		-		
Administrative expense		-	(	7,291)		7,291		
Other change			_	51	(	51)		
Net changes		546,685	_	1,415,912	(	869,227)		
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	12,925,492	\$_	13,502,555	\$ <u>(</u>	577,06 <u>3</u> )		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in		1% Increase in			
	i	in Discount Discount		Discount	iı	n Discount	
	R	Rate (5.75%) Rate (6.75			Ra	ite (7.75%)	
City's net pension liability/(asset)	\$	1,330,845	\$(	577,063)	\$(	2,112,041)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at *trms.com*.

# 5. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense in the governmental and business-type activities in the amounts of \$75,551 and \$6,241 respectively.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	7,859	\$	47,629		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	,	-	4	-		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		802,827		
Contributions subsequent to						
the measurement date		233,957		-		
Totals	\$	241,816	\$	850,456		

\$233,957 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year		
Ended September 30,		
2023	\$(	157,744)
2024	(	363,130)
2025	(	170,335)
2026	(	151,388)
2027		-

#### L. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

#### 1. Plan Description

The City voluntarily participates in a single-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan administered by TMRS. The Plan is a group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The Plan is established and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act identically to the City's pension plan. SDBF includes coverage for both active and retired members, and assets are commingled for the payment of such benefits. Therefore, the Plan does not qualify as an OPEB Trust in accordance with paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### 2. Benefits Provided

The SDBF provides group-term life insurance to City employees who are active members in TMRS, including or not including retirees. The City Council opted into this program via an ordinance, and may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Payments from this fund are similar to group-term life insurance benefits and are paid to the designated beneficiaries upon the receipt of an approved application for payment. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other post-employment benefit and is a fixed amount of \$7,500.

#### 3. Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	17
Active employees	90
Total	147

#### 4. Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation, which was 0.41% for 2021 and 0.38% for 2022, of which 0.30% and 0.28%, respectively, represented the retiree-only portion for each year, as a percentage of annual covered payroll. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The City's contributions to the SDBF for the years ended September 30, 2022 were \$19,603 representing contributions for both active and retiree coverage, which equaled the required contributions each year.

### 5. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$366,964 was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	1.84% (Based on Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index)
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational bases with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

### 6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Total OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.84%) in measuring the Total OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in			
	Discou	Discount Rate (0.84%)		nt Rate (1.84%)	Discount Rate (3.00%)				
T									
Total OPEB Liability	\$	449,969	\$	366,964	\$	305,031			

# 7. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense in the governmental and business-type activities in the amounts of \$39,192 and \$3,237, respectively. Aggregate OPEB expense for both OPEB plans is \$42,711. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability during the measurement period.

### 8. Changes in the OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB
		Liability
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	358,753
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		23,804
Interest		7,276
Difference between expected and actual experience	(	20,257)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		11,121
Benefit payments**	(	13,733)
Net changes		8,211
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	366,964

<sup>\*</sup>Membership counts for inactive employees currently receiving or entitled to but not yet receiving benefits will differ from GASB 68 as they include only those eligible for a SDBF benefit (i.e. excludes beneficiaries, non-vested terminations due a refund, etc).

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relate to OPEB for the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 516	\$ 28,890
Changes in actuarial assumptions	58,089	5,020
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,551	
Totals	\$ <u>73,156</u>	\$\$

\$14,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year
Ended September 30,

2023	\$	10,980
2024		9,074
2025		6,568
2026	(	1,802)
2027	(	125)

### M. Contingent Liabilities

# **Contingencies**

The City is exposed to various claims and litigation. The outcome of events are not presently determinable and the amount of the City's potential liability cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

### **Federal and State Programs**

Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made, in compliance with program guidelines, to the grantor agency. These programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, the City has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of fund monies may be required. As it pertains to other matters of compliance, in the opinion of the City's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

### N. Contracts and Commitments

#### **Water Contract**

The City has entered into an agreement with the Guadalupe Blanco River Authority (GBRA) that obligates the City to purchase its water from GBRA; this contract shall be in force until the latter of August 2035 or until the City has paid the part of any outstanding plant revenue bonds for which the City is at least partially responsible. This contract was sold to Undine, LLC in December 2022.

### **Construction Commitments**

The City had the following commitments outstanding for construction projects as of September 30, 2022:

		Costs Incurred To Date	Estimated Remaining Costs
Governmental Activities:	<u></u>		
Veteran's Memorial	Park Improvement	89,689	-
2020 Capital Improvements	Street & Drainage	2,233,307	461,496
City Hall Master Plan	Building Improvements	31,230	-
Train Depot Renovation	Building Improvements	276,573	-
Animal Control Building	Building Improvements	14,803	136,001
Skate Park	Park Improvement	378,224	-
5th St. Drainage Project	Infrastructure	41,500	53,400
Pierce Enforcer Fire Truck	Equipment	8,236	767,958
Ezzel St. Reconstruction	Infrastructure	666,340	14,606
George St. Reconstruction	Infrastructure	698,538	7,862
Corp. Ditch Rehab Austin	Infrastructure	73,606	36,155
	Totals	\$ 4,512,046	\$ 1,477,478
Business-type Activities:			
Ezzel St. Sewer	Infranstructure	132,840	627,160
2021 Capital Improvements	Water-Sewer Line Improv.	836,681	37,963
Generators for Lift Stations	Equipment	847,824	6,666
NL Breakwater	Infrastructure	10,000	
Brooks WW Lift Station	Equipment	30,082	5,532
Lynn's Bayou Improvements	Infrastructure	22,005	1,465,489
Ezzel Sewer Replacement	Infrastructure	132,840	-
Mass Meter Swap	Infrastructure	1,323,167	824,248
Living Shoreline	Infrastructure	795,652	12,704,349
NL Building Repair	Building Improvements	4,770	90,230
	Totals	\$ 4,003,021	\$ 15,134,476

## O. Subsequent Events

In October 2022, the City issued Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022 in the amount of \$7,335,000. The obligations will be payable on February 15<sup>th</sup> of each year and will fully mature February 15<sup>th</sup>, 2042. The interest rate for the obligations varies from 4.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds from the certificates will fund various capital projects throughout the City and are secured by the City's ad valorem tax and utility system revenues.

### P. New Accounting Standards

Significant new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the City include the following:

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. GASB 94 will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	4,069,424	\$	4,069,424	\$	4,461,447	\$	392,023	
Sales and use		3,290,000		3,290,000		3,504,110		214,110	
Other		609,000		609,000		622,726		13,726	
Fines and forfeitures		281,000		281,000		231,473	(	49,527)	
Licenses and permits		227,745		227,745		181,583	(	46,162)	
Intergovernmental		407,050		427,050		308,011	(	119,039)	
Charges for services		2,500		2,500		3,744		1,244	
Investment earnings		7,000		7,000		74,309		67,309	
Rental		50,000		50,000		66,200		16,200	
Miscellaneous		49,000		49,000	_	69,733		20,733	
Total revenues	_	8,992,719		9,012,719	_	9,523,336		510,617	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		2,176,174		2,176,174		2,159,261		16,913	
Public safety		4,199,624		4,221,624		4,204,094		17,530	
Public works		1,811,521		1,811,521		1,688,607		122,914	
Parks and recreation		878,260		872,875		834,691		38,184	
Capital outlay		2,574,407		2,579,792		2,545,925		33,867	
Debt Service									
Principal		121,377		121,377		141,106	(	19,729)	
Interest and fiscal charges		8,379		8,379	_	11,735	(	3,356)	
Total expenditures		11,769,742		11,791,742		11,585,419		206,323	
rotar oxportation of		,,		, - ,	_	, , -			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	2,777,023)	(	2,779,023)	(	2,062,083)		716,940	
OVER (ONDER) EXPENDITORES		2,777,023)		2,773,023)	7	2,002,003)		710,510	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		328,474		328,474		328,474		-	
Transfers out	(	14,000)	(	1,074,880)	(	748,762)		326,118	
Total other financing sources and uses		314,474	(	746,406)	(	420,288)		326,118	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(_	2,462,549)	(_	3,525,429)	(	2,482,371)		1,043,058	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	12,868,169		12,868,169	_	12,868,169			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	10,405,620	\$	9,342,740	\$_	10,385,798	\$	1,043,058	

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### **CITY OF PORT LAVACA**

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Measurement Date December 31,		2014		2015		
A. Total pension liability						
Service cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of benefit terms	\$	314,835 670,913	\$	358,107 688,461		
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	(	250,547)	(	139,223) 88,376		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(	546,714)	(	465,578)		
Net change in total pension liability		188,487		530,143		
Total pension liability - beginning		9,700,410		9,888,897		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	9,888,897	\$	10,419,040		
B. Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	\$	197,075 176,910 515,111	\$	241,857 195,047 13,784		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other	( ( (	546,714) 5,379) 442)	( ( (	465,578) 8,396) 415)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		336,561	(	23,701)		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,005,394		9,341,955		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	9,341,955	\$	9,318,254		
C. Net pension liability/(asset) - ending (a) - (b)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total	\$	546,942	\$	1,100,786		
pension liability		94.47%		89.43%		
E. Covered payroll	\$	3,538,200	\$	3,900,944		
F. Net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll		15.46%		28.22%		

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	365,217 696,229	\$	348,599 726,299	\$	340,363 741,373	\$	366,719 761,419	\$	378,215 789,013	\$	438,548 828,696
	14,276	(	125,070)	(	92,649)	(	74,875) 270		44,412	(	78,357)
(	574,303)	(	669,541)	(	775,245)	(	635,339)	(	665,615)	(	642,202)
_	501,419		280,287		213,842		418,194		546,025		546,685
	10,419,040	_	10,920,459	_	11,200,746		11,414,588	_	11,832,782		12,378,807
\$	10,920,459	\$	11,200,746	\$	11,414,588	\$	11,832,782	\$	12,378,807	\$	12,925,492
\$	213,193 187,676 629,604	\$	219,660 182,513 1,353,359	\$	213,037 177,828 324,704)	\$	221,708 190,800 1,563,243	\$	231,808 196,782 868,360	\$	263,678 228,887 1,572,789
( ( (	574,303) 7,112) 383)	( ( (	669,541) 7,015) 356)	( ( (	775,245) 6,279) 327)	( ( (	635,339) 8,849) 265)	(	665,615) 5,629) 220)	(	642,202) 7,291) <u>51</u>
_	448,675		1,078,620	(	715,690)		1,331,298	_	625,486		1,415,912
	9,318,254	_	9,766,929	_	10,845,549	_	10,129,859	_	11,461,157	_	12,086,643
\$	9,766,929	\$	10,845,549	\$	10,129,859	\$	11,461,157	\$	12,086,643	\$	13,502,555
\$	1,153,530	\$	355,197	\$	1,284,729	\$	371,625	\$	292,164	\$(	577,063)
	89.44%		96.83%		88.74%		96.86%		97.64%		104.46%
\$	3,753,514	\$	3,650,253	\$	3,556,564	\$	3,816,010	\$	3,935,641	\$	4,577,749
	30.73%		9.73%		36.12%		9.74%		7.42%		-12.61%

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2015	2016	2017
Actuarial determined contribution	\$ 225,696	\$ 222,531	\$ 211,938
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	( 234,844)	( 232,147)	( 220,357)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	( 9,148)	( 9,616)	( 8,419)
Covered payroll	3,728,430	3,822,573	3,575,417
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.30%	6.07%	6.16%

### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

### **Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:**

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed Remaining Amortization 24 Years (longest amortization ladder)

Period

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed fair value; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014 - 2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

**Other Information:** There were no benefit changes during the year.

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2015 is not available.

	2018		2019		2020		2021	2022	
\$	216,287	\$	220,661	\$	225,701	\$	253,961	\$	263,678
<u>(</u>	224,324)	<u>(</u>	229,502)	<u>(</u>	235,336)	<u>(</u>	270,116)	<u>(</u>	315,997)
(	8,037)	(	8,841)	(	9,635)	(	16,155)	(	52,319)
	3,605,556	;	3,767,059	:	3,846,134	4	4,383,413		4,577,749
	6.22%		6.09%		6.12%		6.16%		6.90%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Measurement Date December 31,		2017		2018	2019			2020	2021	
A. Total OPEB liability										
Service Cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms	\$	8,761 8,383	\$	9,603 8,424	\$	9,540 9,460	\$	20,072 8,560	\$	23,804 7,276
Difference between expected and actual experienc Changes of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments	e <u>(</u>	17,855 2,555)	( (	1,671 ( 16,237) ( 2,845)	<u>(</u>	10,459) 45,970 3,053)	<u>(</u>	13,467) 44,333 3,936)	<u>(</u>	20,257) 11,121 13,733)
Net change in Total OPEB liability	_	32,444	_	616	_	51,458	_	55,562	_	8,211
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	218,673	_	251,117	_	251,733	_	303,191	_	358,753
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	251,117	\$_	251,733	\$_	303,191	\$_	358,753	\$_	366,964
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,650,253	\$	3,556,564	\$	3,816,010	\$	3,935,641	\$	4,577,749
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.88%		7.08%		7.95%		9.12%		8.02%

### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>-</sup> This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.

<sup>-</sup> No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

#### NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General and the Debt Service Fund. The budgets for these funds are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Hurricane Harvey, ARPA/CLFRF Grant, Street Construction, and CDBG Grant Funds do not have legally adopted annual budgets. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council proposed operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the general and certain special revenue and debt service funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized by the City Council to make adjustments to budgeted amounts between departments within an operating fund or line items within a single fund as well as transfer appropriations between departments. However, the City Council must approve any transfer of unencumbered appropriation balances or portions thereof from one fund to another as well as any increases in fund appropriations after a public hearing conducted in compliance with the Texas Open Meetings Act.
- 5. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. During 2022, individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations for expenditures. All budget appropriations automatically lapse at year-end.

### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. All encumbrances lapse at the fiscal year-end.

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# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

**Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund** - Accounts for the collection of hotel and motel taxes collected within the City. The City uses these funds to directly enhance and promote tourism and the convention and hotel industry or other expenses as approved by State Law.

**Police Forfeitures Fund** - Accounts for items seized by the City through the police department as a result of criminal investigations. The funds are used for one-time equipment purchases and other purchases to assist in police activities.

**Municipal Court Technology and Building Security Funds** - Account for fees collected on conviction of certain municipal court offenses and funds are intended to enhance these specific areas.

**Economic Development Fund** - Accounts for funds received from public and private partners to be used for economic development purposes.

**Bulletproof Vest Grant Fund** - Accounts for federal funds received to fund the purchase of protective armor vests for the City's police officers.

**Redflex Traffic System Fund** - Accounts for fees collected by the City's red light camera system. This money is shared with the State's trauma account and the City can only use this money to enhance pedestrian safety.

**TDHCA HOME Program Fund** - Accounts for the City's participation and matching funds as administrator in the HOME reservation system in cooperation with the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) as funded through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

**2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Fund** - To accumulate monies for payment of the City's 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Hotel Occupancy Tax	Police Forfeitures	Building Security	Economic Development						
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 297,905	\$ 18,041	\$ 44,795	\$ 11,637						
Receivables, net	97,265	φ 10,041 -	φ ¬¬,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	φ 11,05 <i>7</i>						
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-						
Total assets	395,170	18,041	44,795	11,637						
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	22,422	-	-	-						
Due to other funds										
Total liabilities	22,422									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue	<u> </u>									
Total deferred inflows of resources										
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted										
Retirement of long-term debt	-	-	-	-						
Tourism and conventions	372,748	-	-	-						
Economic development	-	10.041	-	11,637						
Public safety Municipal court	_	18,041	- 44,795	_						
Unassigned	_	_	-	_ _						
Total fund balances	372,748	18,041	44,795	11,637						
Total fullu balarices		10,041		11,037						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	. 205.472	+ 40.044	44.705	+ 44.607						
and fund balances	\$ <u>395,170</u>	\$ <u>18,041</u>	\$ <u>44,795</u>	\$ <u>11,637</u>						

	Special Rev	Debt <u>Service</u> 2012	Total		
Bulletproof Vest Grant	Redflex Traffic System	Court Technology Fund	TDHCA HOME Program	General Obligation Refunding Bonds	Nonmajor Governmental
\$ - - 6,463 - 6,463	\$ - - - -	\$ 24,351 - - 24,351	\$ 37,984 - - 37,984	\$ 232,576 28,264 - 260,840	\$ 667,289 125,529 6,463 799,281
9,630 9,630	3,309 3,309	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	22,422 12,939 35,361
6,463 6,463	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	-	28,264 28,264	34,727 34,727
- - - - - ( 9,630) ( 9,630)	- - - - ( 3,309) ( 3,309)	- - - - 24,351 - 24,351	- 37,984 - - - - 37,984	232,576 - - - - - - 232,576	232,576 372,748 49,621 18,041 69,146 ( 12,939) 729,193
\$ <u>6,463</u>	\$	\$ <u>24,351</u>	\$ 37,984	\$ <u>260,840</u>	\$ <u>799,281</u>

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

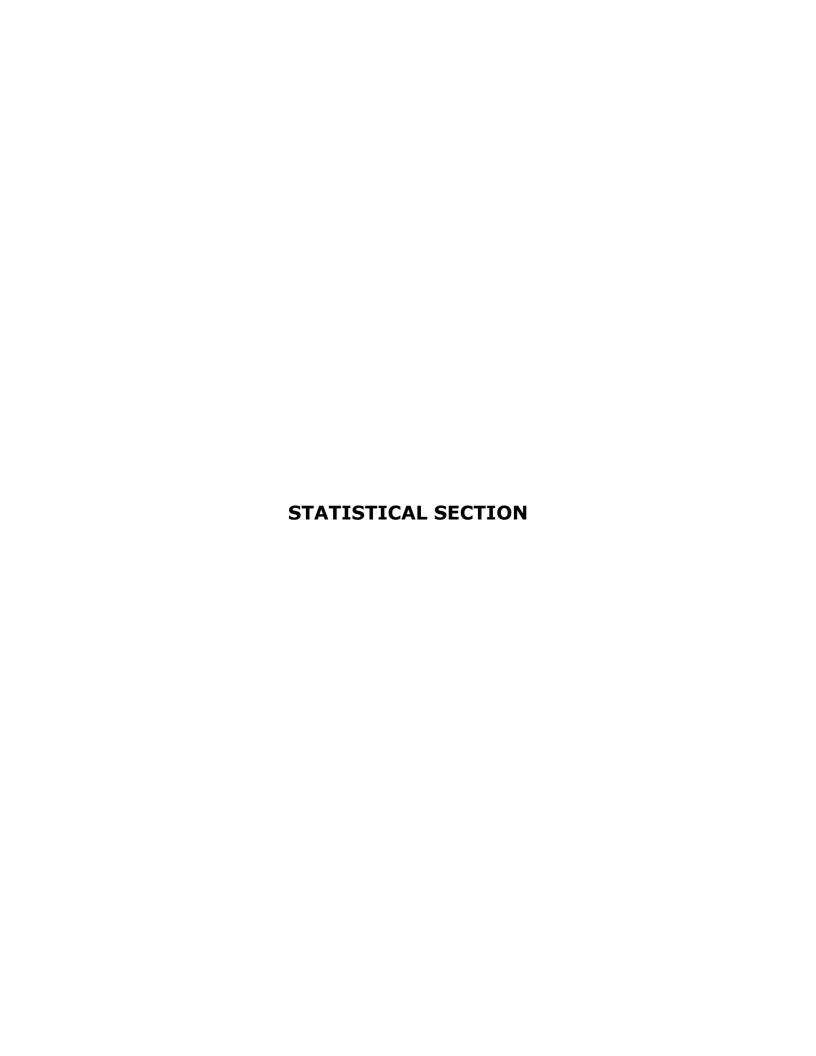
	Special Revenue Funds									
	Hotel Occupancy Tax	Police Forfeitures	Building Security	Economic <u>Development</u>						
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Property	\$ - 457.075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Other Fines, fees, and forfeitures	457,975	- 1,284	- 4,667	-						
Intergovernmental	-	1,204	4,007	-						
Investment earnings	3,771	123	299	79						
Miscellaneous	5,876	-	-	-						
Total revenues	467,622	1,407	4,966	79						
rotarrevenues										
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	275,414	-	-	-						
Public safety	-	-	-	-						
Capital outlay	338,038	-	-	-						
Debt service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges										
Total expenditures	613,452									
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	( 145,830)	1,407	4,966	79						
OVER (ONDER) EXPENDITORES	( 145,050)		4,300							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-						
Transfers out	( 280,895)									
Total other financing sources (uses)	( 280,895)									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	( 426,725)	1,407	4,966	79						
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	799,473	16,634	39,829	11,558						
,										
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>372,748</u>	\$18,041	\$ <u>44,795</u>	\$ <u>11,637</u>						

Bulletproof Vest Grant	Special Rev Redflex Traffic System	venue Funds  Court  Technology  Fund	TDHCA HOME Program	Debt Service 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Lunds
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 2,634	\$ - - -	\$ 385,356 - - -	\$ 385,356 457,975 8,585 -
- - -	- - -	2,803	- <u> </u>	1,725 - 387,081	6,166 <u>5,876</u> <u>863,958</u>
- 3,167 -	- 3,309 -	- - -	2,016 - -	- - -	277,430 6,476 338,038
- - 3,167	- - 3,309	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	- - 2,016	320,000 11,262 331,262	320,000 11,262 953,206
( 3,167)	( 3,309)	2,803	( 2,016)	<u>55,819</u>	( 89,248)
<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -	20,000	- - -	20,000 ( 280,895) ( 260,895)
( 3,167) ( 6,463)	( 3,309)	<u>2,803</u> <u>21,548</u>	<u>17,984</u> <u>20,000</u>	<u>55,819</u> 176,757	( 350,143) _1,079,336
\$ <u>( 9,630</u> )	\$ <u>( 3,309</u> )	\$ 24,351	\$ 37,984	\$ <u>232,576</u>	\$ 729,193

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL 2012 GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS FUND

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES		_							
Taxes:									
Property	\$	353,451	\$	353,451	\$	385,356	\$	31,905	
Investment earnings		100		100		1,725		1,625	
Total revenues		353,551		353,551		387,081		33,530	
EXPENDITURES  Debt Service									
Principal		320,000		320,000		320,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		11,262		11,262		11,262			
Total expenditures		331,262		331,262		331,262			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		22,289		22,289		55,819		33,530	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		176,757		176,757		176,757			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	199,046	\$	199,046	\$	232,576	\$	33,530	



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# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Port Lavaca's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	61 – 71
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	72 - 83
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	84 - 89
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	90 – 91
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	92 – 97

# NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
		2013		2014		2015		2016			
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	21,750,587	\$	19,170,337	\$	20,724,855	\$	20,549,966			
Restricted		1,463,189		1,175,154		1,330,800		1,321,980			
Unrestricted		3,452,739		7,942,352		8,118,735		9,368,639			
Total governmental activities net position	\$	26,666,515	\$	28,287,843	\$	30,174,390	\$	31,240,585			
Business-type activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,059,066	\$	16,550,105	\$	17,592,876	\$	17,986,418			
Unrestricted	_	7,772,021		6,402,372		5,622,584	_	6,247,533			
Total business-type activities net position	\$	21,831,087	\$	22,952,477	\$	23,215,460	\$	24,233,951			
Primary government:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	35,809,653	\$	35,720,442	\$	38,317,731	\$	38,536,384			
Restricted		1,463,189		1,175,154		1,330,800		1,321,980			
Unrestricted	_	11,224,760		14,344,724	_	13,741,319	_	15,616,172			
Total primary government net position	\$	48,497,602	\$	51,240,320	\$	53,389,850	\$	55,474,536			

Fiscal Year

		1 1500	 21		riscai reai													
2017	2018	2019	 2020	2021		2022												
\$  21,310,618 1,545,313 10,301,123	\$  22,482,158 1,765,338 9,843,388	\$  23,390,026 990,959 12,460,165	\$ 26,755,385 1,065,732 13,366,444	\$ 28,656,325 1,112,272 13,350,761	\$	34,463,945 736,922 9,759,025												
\$ 33,157,054	\$ 34,090,884	\$ 36,841,150	\$ 41,187,561	\$ 43,119,358	\$	44,959,892												
\$  18,489,664 7,262,774	\$ 18,732,930 8,326,831	\$ 21,173,355 8,955,810	\$ 23,856,570 6,981,221	\$ 27,712,054 5,504,783	\$	28,941,132 5,591,302												
\$ 25,752,438	\$ 27,059,761	\$ 30,129,165	\$ 30,837,791	\$ 33,216,837	\$	34,532,434												
\$  39,800,282 1,545,313 17,563,897	\$  41,215,088 1,765,338 18,170,219	\$  44,563,381 990,959 21,415,975	\$  50,611,955 1,065,732 20,347,665	\$  56,368,379 1,112,272 18,855,544	\$ 	63,405,077 736,922 15,350,327												
\$ 58,909,492	\$ 61,150,645	\$ 66,970,315	\$ 72,025,352	\$ 76,336,195	\$	79,492,326												

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fisca	l Year
risca	ııeaı

		2013		2014		2015		2016
EXPENSES	<u></u>							
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	2,140,960	\$	2,632,811	\$	2,405,720	\$	2,417,076
Public safety		3,199,920		3,232,531		3,292,483		3,200,259
Public works		1,629,165		1,379,978		1,374,483		1,592,784
Parks and recreation		689,022		629,640		685,084		697,230
Interest on long-term de		113,201	_	67,300	_	60,841		53,809
Total governmental								
activities expenses		7,772,268	_	7,942,260	_	7,818,611	_	7,961,158
Business-type activities:								
Public utilities		4,360,184		4,252,370		4,614,845		4,452,538
Port revenue		464,556		456,212		447,151		396,088
Beach operations		253,315		261,309	_	344,669		272,436
Total business-type activities		5,078,055	_	4,969,891	_	5,406,665	_	5,121,062
Total primary government								
program expenses	\$	12,850,323	\$_	12,912,151	\$_	13,225,276	\$	13,082,220
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	364,118	\$	321,396	\$	270,479	\$	337,865
Public safety		278,784		215,491		246,251		183,232
Parks and recreation		68,215		76,290		87,084		87,130
Operating grants and contributions		252,056		687,201		364,996		273,077
Capital grants and contributions	_		_	142,843	_	32,894	_	-
Total governmental activities								
program revenues	_	963,173	_	1,443,221	_	1,001,704	_	881,304
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Public utilities		5,380,215		5,288,188		5,828,910		5,586,184
Port commission		502,420		490,770		423,933		425,986
Beach operations		280,602		302,118		305,800		310,472
Operating grants and contributions		2,000		-		-		2,000
Capital grants and contributions		49,217	_	248,350	_	37,000		45,625
Total business-type								
activities program revenues		6,214,454		6,329,426	_	6,595,643		6,370,267
Total primary government			· <u></u>					
program revenues	\$	7,177,627	\$_	7,772,647	\$_	7,597,347	\$	7,251,571

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year													
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022			
\$	2,615,056	\$	4,221,921	\$	3,318,934	\$	2,053,858	\$	2,236,695	\$	2,492,123			
	3,460,733		3,411,589		3,355,541		3,533,380		3,577,687		4,158,956			
	1,423,250 748,171		1,653,462 758,143		1,658,704 790,807		1,521,470 716,662		1,659,726 796,615		2,275,913 1,016,236			
	51,373		45,858		40,061		33,969		32,659		52,061			
	31,373		+3,030	_	40,001	_	33,303	_	32,033	_	32,001			
_	8,298,583		10,090,973		9,164,047		7,859,339		8,303,382		9,995,289			
	4,313,837		4,414,433		4,262,430		4,555,046		6,229,273		6,130,673			
	340,846		347,709		595,580		555,137		872,257		700,500			
	267,756		244,200	_	305,831		189,276		217,457		245,542			
_	4,922,439		5,006,342		5,163,841	_	5,299,459	_	7,318,987	_	7,076,715			
\$	13,221,022	\$	15,097,315	\$	14,327,888	\$	13,158,798	\$	15,622,369	\$	17,072,004			
\$	451,257	\$	348,096	\$	293,452	\$	272,534	\$	286,162	\$	395,339			
	194,305		35,072		12,758		8,874		10,165		29,446			
	76,020		10,800		51,785		30,345		59,655		66,800			
	741,691 21,410		1,291,888		1,533,401		1,895,078 336,700		3,270,145 172,848		609,798 1,824,340			
_	21,410			_		_	330,700	_	172,040	_	1,024,340			
_	1,484,683		1,685,856		1,891,396	_	2,543,531	_	3,798,975	_	2,925,723			
	5,702,881		5,770,068		5,824,260		5,629,845		5,414,992		5,345,804			
	453,062		483,334		628,762		579,343		721,804		665,213			
	302,124		221,127		324,004		272,788		204,457		89,148			
	2,000		-		-		-		-		- 1 245 501			
_	181,111		2,500	_	1,531,801	_	474,503	_	209,193	_	1,345,581			
	6,641,178		6,477,029		8,308,827		6,956,479		6,550,446		7,445,746			
\$	8,125,861	\$	8,162,885	\$	10,200,223	\$	9,500,010	\$	10,349,421	\$	10,371,469			
т	5,225,551	τ	0,202,000	т—		т—	2,230,010	т—	-0,0 10,121	т—	_0,0,1,100			

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal	Year

		2013		2014		2015		2016
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES								
Governmental activities	\$(	6,809,095)	\$(	6,499,039)	\$(	6,816,907)	\$(	7,079,854)
Business-type activities		1,136,399		1,359,535		1,188,978		1,249,205
Total primary government net expense	(	5,672,696)	(	5,139,504)	(	5,627,929)	(	5,830,649)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER								
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes		2 000 571		2.071.002		4 071 001		4.054.364
Property Sales		3,808,571		3,971,992		4,071,091		4,054,264
Franchise		2,445,393 587,534		2,500,013 615,184		2,809,977 615,800		2,510,153 587,153
Other taxes		389,564		576,001		538,290		427,960
Investment earnings		12,995		14,445		29,459		42,964
Miscellaneous		302,881		191,564		245,554		254,054
Transfers		224,000		251,168		864,500		269,501
Total governmental activities		7,770,938		8,120,367	_	9,174,671		8,146,049
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		17,507		13,023		13,563		38,787
Transfers	(	224,000)	(	251,168)	(	864,500)	(	269,501)
Miscellaneous		-		_				<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities	(	206,493)	(	238,145)	(	850,937)	(	230,714)
Total primary government		7,564,445		7,882,222		8,323,734		7,915,335
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities		961,843		1,621,328		2,357,764		1,066,195
Business-type activities		929,906		1,121,390		338,041		1,018,491
Total primary government	\$	1,891,749	\$	2,742,718	\$	2,695,805	\$	2,084,686

### **Fiscal Year**

riscar rear											
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$( 	6,813,900) 1,718,739	\$(	8,405,117) 1,470,687	\$(	7,272,651) 3,144,986	\$(	5,315,808) 1,657,020	\$( <u>(</u>	4,504,407) 768,541)	\$(	7,069,566) 369,031
<u>(</u>	5,095,161)	<u>(                                     </u>	6,934,430)	<u>(</u>	4,127,665)	<u>(                                     </u>	3,658,788)	<u>(</u>	5,272,948)	<u>(                                     </u>	6,700,535)
	4,159,200 2,693,583		4,217,842 3,138,929		4,310,870 3,562,168		4,517,719 3,287,441		4,646,594 3,566,918		4,846,803 3,504,110
	583,034 615,385 104,812		588,803 692,232 199,214		584,078 685,682 329,183		569,268 560,236 127,105		582,631 561,956 7,760		590,101 490,600 84,060
	306,855 267,500 8,730,369		415,208 267,500 9,519,728		276,301 274,635 10,022,917		320,406 280,044 9,662,219	<u>( </u>	212,081 3,141,736) 6,436,204	<u>( </u>	75,609 681,183) 8,910,100
	67,248		136,038		199,053		85,575		5,851		59,323
(	267,500) 	(	267,500) 	(	274,635) -	(	280,044)		3,141,736		681,183 206,060
	200,252) 8,530,117		9,388,266		75,582) 9,947,335		194,469) 9,467,750		3,147,587 9,583,791		946,566 9,388,266
	1,916,469		1,114,611		2,750,266		4,346,411		1,931,797		1,840,534
<u></u>	1,518,487 3,434,956	<u></u>	1,339,225 2,453,836	<u> </u>	3,069,404 5,819,670	<u></u>	1,462,551 5,808,962	 \$	2,379,046 4,310,843	 \$	1,315,597 3,156,131
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### FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
General fund: Nonspendable Committed Unassigned	\$ 64,938 3,297,504 2,536,205	\$ 51,193 3,440,775 3,183,423	\$ 47,218 3,679,520 4,076,496	\$ 45,717 3,534,329 4,922,293
Total general fund	\$ 5,898,647	\$ <u>6,675,391</u>	\$ 7,803,234	\$ 8,502,339
All other governmental funds Restricted Unassigned	\$ 1,443,488 	\$ 1,150,840 1,008,386	\$ 1,326,421 478,412	\$ 2,259,195 
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>1,443,488</u>	\$ <u>2,159,226</u>	\$ <u>1,804,833</u>	\$ <u>2,259,195</u>

	2017	2018		2018		2018		2018		2019			2020		2021		2022
\$	42,147 3,373,832 6,687,299	\$ 	46,702 2,548,794 8,508,563	\$ 	53,633 2,630,824 11,137,483	\$ 	47,524 2,911,895 10,714,713	\$	536,126 2,963,681 9,368,362	\$	165,179 1,458,495 8,762,124						
\$_	10,103,278	\$_	11,104,059	\$	13,821,940	\$	13,674,132	\$	12,868,169	\$	10,385,798						
\$	1,907,218	\$ <u>(</u>	1,748,089 908,694)	\$ <u>(</u> _	969,522 1,584,412)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,635,030 1,181,122)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,668,258 1,296,200)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,108,159 801,809)						
\$	1,907,218	\$	839,395	\$(	614,890)	\$	453,908	\$	1,372,058	\$	306,350						

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2013			2014		2015	2016	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	7,290,483	\$	7,653,598	\$	8,059,337	\$	7,556,970
Fines and fees		626,677		512,461		518,363		508,347
Licenses and permits		158,721		131,291		105,245		109,637
Charges for services		6,820		2,901		3,667		2,744
Intergovernmental		252,056		830,044		372,153		273,077
Investment		12,995		14,445		29,459		42,964
Rental Miscellaneous revenues		67,615 181,263		76,290 143,274		87,084 157,627		87,130 163,060
	_			9,364,304		9,332,935		8,743,929
Total revenues	_	8,596,630		9,364,304		9,332,935		8,743,929
EXPENDITURES								
General government		2,096,778		2,604,645		2,374,117		2,430,712
Public safety		3,089,627		3,336,053		3,198,927		3,088,008
Public works		1,174,528		983,253		1,344,897		1,190,259
Parks and recreation		932,950		469,422		1,004,617		738,490
Capital outlay Debt service		16,000		412,833		1,215,917		88,715
Principal		270,000		265,000		275,000		280,000
Interest and fiscal charges		53,061		60,386		53,571		47,396
Issuance costs		67,106		-		-		-
Total expenditures		7,700,050		8,131,592		9,467,046		7,863,580
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES</b>								
OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	\$	896,580	\$_	1,232,712	\$ <u>(</u>	134,111)	\$	880,349
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		4,613		-		43,061		3,617
Transfers in		825,428		1,228,814		1,813,565		1,126,774
Transfers out	(	601,428)	(	969,044)	(	949,065)	(	857,273)
Issuance of debt		2,945,000		-		-		-
Payment to escrow agent	(_	2,877,894)	_					
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		295,719	_	259,770		907,561		273,118
NET CHANGE IN								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,192,299	\$	1,492,482	\$	773,450	\$	1,153,467
DEBT SERVICE AS								
A PERCENTAGE								
OF NONCAPITAL								
EXPENDITURES	_	4.20%	_	4.44%	_	4.52%	_	4.41%

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	8,040,235 524,683 231,321 2,176 763,101 104,812 76,020 192,809 9,935,157	\$ 	8,639,785 347,588 154,056 4,079 1,291,888 199,214 10,800 315,222	\$	9,114,573 301,226 120,897 12,897 864,617 329,183 51,785 175,642	\$ 	8,864,777 226,907 168,367 14,708 2,181,264 127,105 30,345 177,608	\$ 	9,362,338 260,280 161,772 10,127 3,918,483 7,760 59,655 69,389 13,849,804	\$ 	9,431,614 240,058 181,583 3,744 2,634,908 84,060 66,200 75,609
_	2,597,561 3,309,471 1,275,343 614,018 830,641 285,000 41,661 - 8,953,695		4,198,251 3,396,134 1,217,296 642,491 1,517,027 290,000 35,975 - 11,297,174	_	3,265,874 3,287,595 1,240,009 624,107 1,234,437 300,000 29,837 - 9,981,859		2,000,288 3,618,499 1,129,316 557,569 3,708,542 300,000 23,746 - 11,337,960		2,237,772 3,677,212 1,152,387 743,956 5,142,930 317,655 22,265 - 13,294,177		2,436,691 4,210,570 1,688,607 834,691 5,930,010 461,106 22,997 - 15,584,672
\$	981,462	\$ <u>(</u>	334,542)	\$_	988,961	\$	453,121	\$	555,627	\$ <u>(</u>	2,866,896)
(	498,161 230,661) - -	(	1,588,152 1,320,652) - -	(	- 2,052,702 1,778,067) - -	(	- 2,270,994 1,990,950) 187,825	(	3,038,740 3,482,180) - -	(	- 348,474 1,029,657) - -
	267,500		267,500	_	274,635	_	467,869	<u>(</u>	443,440)	<u>(</u>	681,183)
Ψ <u></u>	1,248,962 4.30%	\$ <u>(                                    </u>	67,042) 3.42%	\$ <u> </u>	1,263,596 3.90%	\$ <u></u>	920,990 4.49%	\$ <u></u>	3.26%	\$ <u>(                                    </u>	3,548,079) 4.78%

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#### TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Ad Valorem	Sales	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	Beverage	Total
2013	\$ 3,867,992	\$ 2,445,393	\$ 587,534	\$ 372,677	\$ 16,887	\$ 7,290,483
2014	3,962,400	2,500,013	615,184	557,841	18,160	7,653,598
2015	4,095,270	2,809,977	615,800	515,635	22,655	8,059,337
2016	4,031,704	2,510,153	587,153	403,714	24,246	7,556,970
2017	4,148,233	2,693,583	583,034	585,491	29,894	8,040,235
2018	4,219,821	3,138,929	588,803	656,156	36,076	8,639,785
2019	4,282,645	3,562,168	584,078	650,174	35,508	9,114,573
2020	4,447,832	3,287,441	569,268	531,123	29,113	8,864,777
2021	4,650,833	3,566,918	582,631	528,147	33,809	9,362,338
2022	4,846,803	3,504,110	590,101	457,975	32,625	9,431,614

#### (1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: Fiscal years 2014 thru 2017 had an increase in revenue due to the hotel/motel audit performed and the payment of back taxes owed.

#### ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Real Property							Total Taxable	
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll		dential operty	N			Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Real Property		Assessed Value Before Freeze
2013	2012	\$ 261	,801,587	\$	224,611,352	\$	109,068,664	\$ 89,763,499	\$	505,718,104
2014	2013	262	,539,992		238,108,943		104,598,314	90,882,927		514,364,322
2015	2014	266	,971,427		245,595,854		111,134,071	96,145,972		527,555,380
2016	2015	273	,143,803		252,372,733		100,428,715	99,607,928		526,337,323
2017	2016	282	,739,771		260,500,871		102,055,513	103,951,981		541,344,174
2018	2017	293	,607,619		263,417,728		92,256,010	104,333,461		544,947,896
2019	2018	295	,325,973		266,692,835		98,370,030	103,782,635		556,606,203
2020	2019	322	,582,797		283,500,144		95,603,880	114,985,855		586,700,966
2021	2020	339	,679,410		303,827,759		97,480,380	143,503,319		597,484,230
2022	2021	358	,077,799		323,563,158		102,321,220	150,978,321		632,683,856

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes tax-exempt property

NOTE: Property in the City is reassessed annually. The City assesses property at 100% of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE Calhoun County Appraisal District

			Total	Estimated		Estimated	Assessed
	Total	Freeze	Direct	Tax Value		Tax Value	Value (1) as a
	Freeze	Adjusted	Tax	Before	Freeze	Including	Percentage of
	Taxable	Taxable	Rate	Freeze Ceiling	Ceiling	Freeze Ceiling	Actual Value
•							
	(71,958,318)	\$ 433,759,786	0.7568	\$ 3,282,694	\$ 446,159	\$ 3,728,853	100.00%
	(71,687,194)	442,677,128	0.7900	3,950,383	453,234	4,403,617	100.00%
	(73,217,883)	454,337,497	0.7900	4,061,002	471,736	4,532,738	100.00%
	(72,637,802)	453,699,521	0.7900	4,049,095	464,869	4,513,964	100.00%
	(75,865,635)	465,478,539	0.7900	4,154,852	477,572	4,632,424	100.00%
	(77,851,764)	467,096,132	0.7944	3,710,612	489,316	4,199,928	100.00%
	(78,616,548)	477,989,655	0.7944	3,797,150	498,326	4,295,476	100.00%
	(85,258,876)	501,441,090	0.7944	3,983,448	518,351	4,501,799	100.00%
	(79,517,061)	517,967,159	0.7944	4,114,731	517,024	4,631,755	100.00%
	(84,587,681)	548,096,175	0.7944	4,354,076	535,355	4,889,431	100.00%

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Cit	ty Direct Rat	es	Overlapping Rates						
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll	Debt Service	General Fund	Total	School District	Calhoun County	Port Authority	Groundwater Conservation District	Total		
2013	2012	0.0846	0.6722	0.7568	1.1201	0.4900	0.0032	N/A	1.6133		
2014	2013	0.0791	0.7109	0.7900	1.1151	0.4900	0.0031	N/A	1.6082		
2015	2014	0.0805	0.7095	0.7900	1.2769	0.4900	0.0030	0.0100	1.7799		
2016	2015	0.0777	0.7123	0.7900	1.2936	0.4900	0.0025	0.0100	1.7961		
2017	2016	0.0746	0.7154	0.7900	1.2936	0.4900	0.0010	0.0100	1.7946		
2018	2017	0.0744	0.7200	0.7944	1.2936	0.4900	0.0010	0.0100	1.7946		
2019	2018	0.0731	0.7213	0.7944	1.2936	0.4900	0.0010	0.0098	1.7944		
2020	2019	0.0676	0.7268	0.7944	1.1936	0.5572	0.0010	0.0095	1.7613		
2021	2020	0.0660	0.7284	0.7944	1.1649	0.5872	0.0009	0.0083	1.7613		
2022	2021	0.0636	0.7308	0.7944	1.0963	0.6101	0.0009	0.0080	1.7153		

NOTE: N/A denotes information not available

SOURCE: Calhoun County Apprisal District

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

## Current Year and Nine Years Ago (UNAUDITED)

2022

	Taxable	Percentage of
	Assessed	Total City Taxable
Taxpayer	 Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Rexco Inc	\$ 10,445,410	1.91%
AEP Texas Central Company	8,998,350	1.64%
Momentum Rental & Sales , Inc.	7,540,000	1.38%
Helena Agri-Enterprises LLC	7,248,820	1.32%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	7,044,497	1.29%
Calhoun County RP LTD	6,631,020	1.21%
H E Butt Grocery Company	6,337,950	1.16%
Hiepvttx Hospitality LLC	6,125,320	1.12%
Lakeside CRV Recreations LLC	5,747,240	1.05%
DC Properties Lavaca LLC	 5,218,550	0.95%
	\$ 71,337,157	<u>13.01%</u>

2013

	Taxable	Percentage of
	Assessed	Total City Taxable
Taxpayer	 Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Orion Marine Construction	\$ 17,480,519	4.03%
Rexco, Inc.	10,294,110	2.33%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	8,503,230	1.87%
Port Lavaca Dodge	7,124,360	1.57%
Helena Chemicals	6,524,850	1.40%
Wal-Mart Stores Texas, LP	5,844,900	1.25%
H E Butt Grocery Company	5,474,360	1.15%
AMAL Hospitality	5,192,930	1.04%
AEP Texas Central Company	4,948,116	0.96%
BKCK LTD	 3,948,800	0.72%
	\$ 75,336,175	<u>16.32%</u>

SOURCE: Calhoun County Appraisal District

#### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Taxes Levied for the					_	Collections Fiscal Year o	
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Adj	Adjustments		Total Adjusted Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	2012	\$ 3,791,754	\$	10,942		\$ 3,802,696	\$	3,702,009	97.35%
2014	2013	3,956,897	(	1,303)		3,955,594		3,836,830	97.00%
2015	2014	4,071,887		733		4,072,620		3,975,129	97.61%
2016	2015	4,065,656	(	10,885)		4,054,771		3,947,621	97.36%
2017	2016	4,166,147	(	3,352)		4,162,795		4,046,380	97.20%
2018	2017	4,209,792		2,553		4,212,345		4,112,004	97.62%
2019	2018	4,308,690	(	1,515)		4,307,175		4,182,712	97.11%
2020	2019	4,521,222	(	6,560)		4,514,662		4,345,956	96.26%
2021	2020	4,562,185		84,797		4,646,982		4,536,162	97.62%
2022	2021	4,738,962		162,578		4,901,540		4,762,523	97.16%

SOURCE: Calhoun County Appraisal District

Collections in Subsequent		_	Total Collections to Date  Percentage					
	Years		Amount	of Levy				
\$	90,092	\$	3,792,101	99.72%				
	106,264		3,943,094	99.68%				
	86,648		4,061,777	99.73%				
	94,385		4,042,006	99.69%				
	98,759		4,145,139	99.58%				
	70,893		4,182,897	99.30%				
	66,828		4,249,540	98.66%				
	76,915		4,422,871	97.97%				
	96,887		4,536,164	97.62%				
	-		4,762,525	97.16%				

#### WATER PRODUCED AND CONSUMED AND WASTEWATER TREATED

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Gallons of GBRA Water Purchased	Gallons of Metered Consumption	Gallons of Unmetered Consumption	Gallons of Water <u>Unaccounted</u>	Average Percent <u>Unaccounte</u> d	Gallons of Wastewater Treated
2013	459,908,000	390,984,000	18,243	68,905,757	15%	345,530,000
2014	467,309,000	374,281,000	14,077	93,013,923	20%	305,012,000
2015	564,410,500	435,402,000	29,458	128,979,042	23%	337,739,000
2016	495,589,000	394,292,000	21,430	101,275,570	20%	406,730,000
2017	436,727,000	402,621,000	20,467	34,085,533	8%	372,684,556
2018	461,979,000	409,691,000	52,288	66,358,000	14%	460,402,000
2019	464,765,000	402,201,333	31,395	67,239,701	14%	413,272,185
2020	502,519,000	404,175,000	250,000	98,344,000	20%	680,340,000
2021	479,533,000	401,351,000	175,000	78,182,000	16%	504,450,000
2022	504,801,000	276,318,000	2,445,000	228,483,000	45%	591,460,000

NOTES: The City purchases water from the Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority. Water and Sewer Usage Rates shown are for 5,000 gallons usage. N/A denotes information not available. Unmetered consumption is an estimation (Water Main Breaks, Fire Drills, Line flushing, etc.)

SOURCE: City of Port Lavaca Utility Department

	Total D	Total Direct Rate							
Wat	ter	Se	ewer						
Base Rate	Usage <u>Rate</u>	Base Rate	Usage <u>Rate</u>						
15.00	14.25	14.00	14.70						
16.00	14.25	15.00	15.54						
16.00	14.25	15.00	15.54						
16.00	14.25	15.00	15.54						
16.50	14.25	15.50	15.87						
16.50	14.25	15.50	15.87						
16.50	14.25	15.50	15.87						
17.00	14.34	16.00	16.20						
17.00	14.34	16.00	16.20						

14.34 16.00

16.20

17.00

#### WATER AND SEWER RATES

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
	2013		20	14	20	15
	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.
Water Rates						
Base Rate (includes 2,000 gallons)						
Base Rate by Meter Size						
3/4" to 5/8"	\$ 15.00	\$ 17.50	\$ 16.00	\$ 18.50	\$ 16.00	\$ 18.50
1"	15.00	17.50	16.00	18.50	16.00	18.50
1 1/2"	15.00	17.50	16.00	18.50	16.00	18.50
2"	15.00	35.00	16.00	36.00	16.00	36.00
3"	15.00	35.00	16.00	36.00	16.00	36.00
4"	15.00	35.00	16.00	36.00	16.00	36.00
6"	15.00	35.00	16.00	36.00	16.00	36.00
Per 1,000 gallons over base charge	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95
Conservation Rate Tiers for water						
Per 1,000 gallons 2,001 - 5,000	N/A	N/A	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95
Per 1,000 gallons 5,001 - 25,000	N/A	N/A	5.03	5.03	5.03	5.03
Per 1,000 gallons Over 25,000	N/A	N/A	5.71	5.71	5.71	5.71
Sewer Rates						
Base Rate (includes 2,000 gallons)	14.00	15.75	15.00	16.75	15.00	16.75
Per 1,000 gallons over base charge	4.90	4.95	5.18	5.18	5.18	5.18

NOTES:

Increases in water and sewer rates are approved by the City Council. Sewer consumption rates for residential customers are based on the average of the last three-month period of December, January, and February that preceded the billing date. Customers outside City limits are charged a rate of 1.5 times the inside City limit rates.

The City changed the rate classification in 2008. "Res." - Residential "Comm." - Commercial

The City changed to a tiered conservation rate in 2013.

Fiscal	l Year
FISCA	ı teai

20	2016 2017 2018		2019		2020				
Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.
\$ 16.00	\$ 18.50	\$ 16.50	\$ 19.00	\$ 16.50	\$ 19.00	\$ 17.00	\$ 19.50	\$ 17.00	\$ 19.50
16.00	18.50	16.50	19.00	16.50	19.00	17.00	19.50	17.00	19.50
16.00	18.50	16.50	19.00	16.50	19.00	17.00	19.50	17.00	19.50
16.00	36.00	16.50	36.50	16.50	36.50	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
16.00	36.00	16.50	36.50	16.50	36.50	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
16.00	36.00	16.50	36.50	16.50	36.50	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
16.00	36.00	16.50	36.50	16.50	36.50	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.78	4.95
4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	4.78	4.95
5.03	5.03	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.26	5.14
5.71	5.71	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.97	5.14
15.00	16.75	15.50	17.25	15.50	17.25	16.00	17.75	16.00	17.75
5.18	5.18	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.40	5.40

#### WATER AND SEWER RATES

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year			
	20	21	20	22
	Res.	Comm.	Res.	Comm.
Water Rates				
Base Rate (includes 2,000 gallons)				
Base Rate by Meter Size				
3/4" to 5/8"	\$ 17.00	\$ 19.50	\$ 17.00	\$ 19.50
1"	17.00	19.50	17.00	19.50
1 1/2"	17.00	19.50	17.00	19.50
2"	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
3"	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
4"	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
6"	17.00	37.00	17.00	37.00
Per 1,000 gallons over base charge	4.78	4.95	4.78	4.95
Conservation Rate Tiers for water				
Per 1,000 gallons 2,001 - 5,000	4.78	4.95	4.78	4.95
Per 1,000 gallons 5,001 - 25,000	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26
Per 1,000 gallons Over 25,000	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97
Sewer Rates				
Base Rate (includes 2,000 gallons)	16.00	17.75	16.00	17.75
Per 1,000 gallons over base charge	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40

NOTES:

Increases in water and sewer rates are approved by the City Council. Sewer consumption rates for residential customers are based on the average of the last three-month period of December, January, and February that preceded the billing date. Customers outside City limits are charged a rate of 1.5 times the inside City limit rates.

The City changed the rate classification in 2008.

"Res." - Residential
"Comm." - Commercial

The City changed to a tiered conservation rate in 2013.

#### TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS

## (UNAUDITED) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2022

		12-Month	
		Water	Percent
	T (D )	Consumption	of Total
Customer	Type of Business	<u>(In Thousands</u> )	Billed
VIVA Properties (Bordeaux)	Apartment Complex	5,146	1.28%
Memorial Medical Center	Hospital	4,832	1.20%
City of Port Lavaca WWTP	Wastewater Treatment	4,406	1.10%
Regency Nursing & Rehab Center	Senior Citizen Home	2,835	0.71%
Calhoun County Jail	County Jail	4,841	1.21%
Sea Breeze Village Apts.	Apartment Complex	3,904	0.97%
Days Inn	Hotel/ Motel	2,843	0.71%
Coloniel Arms Apartments	Apartment Complex	4,460	1.11%
VIVA Properties (Crane)	Apartment Complex	5,146	1.28%
CCISD High School	School	3,712	0.92%

2013

		12-Month	
		Water	Percent
		Consumption	of Total
Customer	Type of Business	(In Thousands)	Billed
Regency Nursing & Rehab Center	Senior Citizen (Home)	7,116	1.82%
City of Port Lavaca	City Accounts	12,622	3.23%
Memorial Medical Center	Hospital	8,130	2.08%
Splash-n-Dash	Commercial/ Car Wash	3,283	0.84%
Days Inn - Port Lavaca	Hotel/ Motel	2,927	0.75%
Calhoun County I.S.D	School District	12,352	3.16%
Calhoun County	County Offices	3,417	0.87%
Hillmans Shrimp & Oyster	Fishing Industry	10,170	2.60%
Bordeaux Apartments	Apartment Complex	6,157	1.57%
Lighthouse Seafood	Commercial Oyster House	4,225	1.08%

SOURCE: City of Port Lavaca Website - ACFR (for the oldest year)

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	G	overnmental Ac	tivities	Business-type Activities		
Fiscal	Certificates of	General Obligation	Financing	Certificates of	General Obligation	Plus: Issuance
<u>Year</u>	<u>Obligation</u>	Bonds	<u>Arrangements</u>	Obligation	Bonds	Premium
2013	\$ 105,000	\$ 2,895,000	\$ 211,559	\$ 3,340,000	\$ 4,080,000	-
2014	55,000	2,680,000	172,640	3,725,000	3,175,000	-
2015	-	2,460,000	132,094	3,355,000	3,000,000	-
2016	-	2,180,000	89,837	2,965,000	2,820,000	-
2017	-	1,895,000	45,830	3,975,000	1,125,000	-
2018	-	1,605,000	-	3,255,000	1,040,000	-
2019	-	1,305,000	-	2,510,000	2,430,000	99,436
2020	-	1,005,000	187,825	2,270,000	1,750,000	94,717
2021	-	700,000	175,170	2,100,000	980,000	89,661
2022	-	380,000	406,450	1,925,000	200,000	82,764

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

N/A denotes information not available

Business-	type Activities			
Less:	<u></u>	Total	Percentage	5
Issuance	Financing	Primary	of Personal	Per
Discount	Arrangements	Government	Income	<u>Capita</u>
( 29,696)	\$ 51,378	\$ 10,653,241	N/A	866
( 29,101)	-	9,778,539	2%	790
( 28,460)	-	8,918,634	2%	719
( 27,774)	-	8,027,063	2%	647
-	-	7,040,830	N/A	568
-	-	5,900,000	1%	483
-	-	6,344,436	1%	510
-	-	5,307,542	1%	459
-	-	4,044,831	0%	357
-	2,400,000	5,394,214	0%	476

#### RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation	General Obligation Bonds	Plus: Issuance Premium	Total	Debt Service Monies Available (1)	Debt Payable from Enterprise Funds
2013	\$ 3,445,000	\$ 6,975,000	-	\$ 10,420,000	\$ 226,879	\$ 3,340,000
2014	3,780,000	5,855,000	-	9,635,000	225,771	3,175,000
2015	3,355,000	5,460,000	-	8,815,000	146,887	3,000,000
2016	2,965,000	5,000,000	-	7,965,000	153,522	2,820,000
2017	3,975,000	3,020,000	-	6,995,000	165,276	1,125,000
2018	3,255,000	2,645,000	-	5,900,000	159,232	1,040,000
2019	2,510,000	3,735,000	99,436	6,344,436	166,022	2,529,436
2020	2,270,000	2,755,000	94,717	5,119,717	167,687	1,844,717
2021	2,100,000	1,680,000	89,661	3,869,661	176,757	1,069,661
2022	1,925,000	580,000	82,764	2,587,764	227,366	282,764

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

Net Bonded Debt		Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita		
\$	6,853,121	1.36%	\$	557.16	
	6,234,229	1.21%		503.82	
	5,668,113	1.07%		457.14	
	4,991,478	0.95%		402.54	
	5,704,724	1.05%		459.87	
	4,700,768	0.86%		384.93	
	3,648,978	0.66%		293.49	
	3,107,313	0.53%		268.87	
	2,623,243	0.44%		231.37	
	2,077,634	0.33%		183.25	

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

#### (UNAUDITED) September 30, 2021

	Gross Del	ot Outstanding	Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable
	Date	Amount	to City	to City
Direct Debt:				
City of Port Lavaca	9/30/2022	\$ 5,394,214	100.00%	\$5,394,214
Overlapping Debt:				
Calhoun County	9/30/2022	1,110,000	14.28%	158,508
Calhoun Independent School District	9/30/2022	22,265,000	13.74%	3,059,211
Calhoun Port Authority	9/30/2022	32,400,000	22.33%	7,234,920
Total Overlapping Debt		55,775,000		10,452,639
Total		\$ <u>61,169,214</u>		\$ <u>15,846,853</u>

NOTES: 1 There is no legal debt limit for the City. Texas municipalities are not bound by any direct constitutional or statutory maximums as to the amount of obligation bonds which may be issued; however, all local bonds must be submitted to and approved by the State Attorney General. It is the established practice of the Attorney General not to approve a prospective bond issue if it will result in a tax levy for general bonded debt of over \$1.00 for cities under 5,000 population, or \$1.50 for cities over 5,000 population.

2 The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each government's total taxable value.

SOURCES: Calhoun County Appraisal District

Calhoun County
Calhoun Port Authority
Calhoun County ISD

#### PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Direct Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Average Debt Service Requirements	Times Debt Coverage
2013	\$ 5,391,7	18 \$ 3,600,338	\$ 1,791,380	\$ 998,063	1.79
2014	5,296,3	3,519,390	1,777,006	1,049,797	1.69
2015	5,838,9	3,874,837	1,964,100	1,122,295	1.75
2016	5,586,1	3,632,004	1,954,180	672,207	2.91
2017	5,702,8	3,505,491	2,197,390	583,944	3.76
2018	5,872,9	3,686,896	2,186,064	564,106	3.88
2019	5,959,1	3,565,859	2,393,290	517,925	4.62
2020	6,016,1	4,191,799	1,824,341	447,774	4.07
2021	5,419,7	5,094,926	324,873	331,820	0.98
2022	5,598,2	5,010,433	587,835	136,033	4.32

NOTES:

"Gross Revenue" as used herein refers to all operating revenues and all interest income of the Public Utility Fund, gross of bad debt expense. "Direct Operating Expenses" is defined as all operating expenses of the Public Utility Fund (which does not include capital outlay or interest expense) less depreciation plus bad debt expense.

Details regarding the City's outstanding bonds and certificates can be found in Note G of the notes to the financial statements.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			(2)		
	(1)		Per Capita	(3)	(4)
Fiscal		Personal	Personal Income	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	(Calhoun County)	Enrollment	Rate
2013	12,300	N/A	N/A	4,272	7.1%
2014	12,374	443,706,892	35,858	4,242	3.9%
2015	12,399	483,722,187	39,013	4,122	3.7%
2016	12,400	450,516,800	36,332	4,022	5.60%
2017	12,405	N/A	N/A	3,802	N/A
2018	12,212	795,537,000	36,587	3,805	5.80%
2019	12,433	833,716,000	38,668	3,748	4.10%
2020	11,557	983,763,000	46,208	3,840	3.20%
2021	11,338	1,095,838,000	52,180	3,681	5.80%
2022	11,338	1,195,244,000	60,589	3,576	4.90%

NOTES:

The unemployment rates are a twelve month average from October through September for City of Port Lavaca.

N/A denotes information not available.

SOURCES: (1) Population based on U.S. Census Bureau

- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Calhoun Independent School District
- (4) Texas Workforce Commission

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

#### (UNAUDITED) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2022

2022		
<del></del>		Percentage
Employer	Employees	of Total County Employment
Formosa Plastics	3,571	36.80%
Dow Chemical	587	6.05%
Calhoun County I.S.D.	575	5.93%
Orion Marine Group, Inc.	153	1.58%
Calhoun County	254	2.62%
Memorial Medical Center	279	2.88%
INEOS Nitriles Formerly BP	133	1.37%
Seadrift Coke	109	1.12%
HEB Grocery	115	1.19%
City of Port Lavaca	90	0.93%
	5,866	<u>60.45%</u>
2013		
		Percentage
Employer	Employees	of Total County Employment
Alcoa	650	6.69%
INEOS Nitriles Formerly BP	135	1.39%
Calhoun I.S.D.	838	8.62%
Calhoun County	209	2.15%
Formosa Plastics	2,400	24.69%
Seadrift Coke	140	1.44%
HEB Grocery	-	0.00%
Intelplast Group	2,300	23.66%
Orion Marine Group, Inc.	424	4.36%
Memorial Medical Center	140	1.44%
Dow Chemical	<u>575</u>	<u>5.92</u> %
	7,811	<u>80.36%</u>

NOTES: Information is for the City and Calhoun County.

SOURCE: Texas Workforce Commission-Victoria Office

### FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program						
General government						
City manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
City secretary	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Human resources	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-
Economic development	-	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Finance	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Municipal court	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Technology (Contract)	-	-	-	-	-	-
City Hall - custodial services	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public safety						
Police	18.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Communications	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Fire	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Development Services	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Animal control	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Public works						
Public works	2.0	-	-	-	-	-
Streets/maintenance	9.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Water/Wastewater						
Customer service	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Meter readers	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Water and sewer	10.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Parks and recreation	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Bauer Center	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Port Revenue	1.0	1.5	1.0	_	1.0	1.0
Beach Operating Fund						
Total	87.0	102.5	103.0	102.0	103.0	103.0

SOURCE: Various City of Port Lavaca Departments

2019 2	2020	2021	2022
			2022
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
-	-	-	-
1.0	1.0	1.0	-
3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
-	-	-	-
1.0	0.5	0.5	0.25
20.0	21.0	22.0	23.0
6.0	4.45	4.45	4.68
	16.25	19.25	19.25
3.0	2.0	2.25	3.25
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5
_	_	-	_
15.0	11.15	11.15	11.15
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
14.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
6.0	5.23	6.23	5.23
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	<u> </u>		1.0

<u>102.0</u> <u>94.58</u> <u>100.83</u> <u>102.31</u>

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program					
General government					
Building permits issued	357	266	195	782	965
Building inspections conducted	627	689	411	538	741
Public safety					
Police					
Physical arrests	1,132	961	970	1,064	790
Traffic violations	4,080	2,366	3,353	4,584	2,075
Fire					
Fire calls	685	591	632	664	881
Public works					
Streets (miles)	50	50	50	50	50
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation					
Bauer Center rentals	47	212	218	215	190
Lighthouse beach park					
Pavillion	36	43	41	41	42
Water and wastewater					
Water					
Water customers	4,606	4,416	4,624	4,630	4,590
Water taps	21	10	10	21	28
Average daily consumption	1.07 mgd	1.33 mgd	1.13 mgd	1.24 mgd	1.21 mgd
Peak daily consumption	2.74 mgd	2.44 mgd	2.83 mgd	1.71 mgd	2.36 mgd
Wastewater					
Sewer customers	4,317	4,332	4,337	4,335	4,318
Sewer taps	12	7	7	13	13
Average daily sewage treatment	1.08 mgd	0.98 mgd	1.12 mgd	1.11 mgd	1.08 mgd

NOTES: Bauer Center was closed for most of fiscal year 2018 due to damages from Hurricane Harvey. Police and parks and recreation activity decreased in FY19 and FY20 due to the effects of COVID-19.

SOURCE: Various City of Port Lavaca departments

Fiscal	Year
--------	------

riscai fedi						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
890	879	1028	1,014	910		
512	597	591	893	1,584		
927	901	436	357	469		
5,480	4,046	4,182	4,046	962		
862	802	898	589	747		
50	50	50	60	86		
11	139	119	157	126		
11	31	1	1	-		
4,773	4,582	4,688	4,736	4,642		
7	10	28	30	22		
1.121 mgd	l 1.19 mgd	1.07 mgd	1.1 mgd	.757 mgd		
1.833 mgd	l 1.967 mgd	2.238 mgd	2.715 mgd	2.284 mgd		
4,450	4,319	4,338	4,397	4,323		
4,430 7	4,319	4,336 7	4,397	4,323		
0.933 mgd	1.041 mgd	0.835 mgd	0.77 mgd	0.638 mgd		
3	3	3	3	3		

#### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program						
Public safety						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	7	7	7	7	7	7
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2
Highways and streets						
Streets (miles)	50.1	50.1	50	50	50.2	50.2
Streetlights	678	678	685	685	685	685
Parks and recreation						
Acreage	150	150	150	153	152.5	152.5
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	4	4	4	4
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water and wastewater						
Water						
Water mains (miles)	70	70.2	70	71	70.9	70.9
Fire hydrants	262	268	273	279	279	279
Storage capacity	1 mg	1 mg	1 mg	1 mg	1 mg	1 mg
Wastewater						
Sanitary sewers (miles)	58	58.2	58	59	58.9	58.9
Treatment capacity	2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd

SOURCE: Various City of Port Lavaca departments

Fiscal Year						
2019	2020	2021	2022			
1	1	1	1			
7	7	7	7			
2	2	2	2			
50.2	60.09	85.5	86			
685	685	685	696			
152.5	152.5	152.5	154			
7	7	7	8			
4	4	4	4			
1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1			
70.9	87	88	90			
279	279	289	469			
1 mg	1 mg	1 mg	1 mg			
58.9	61	65	65			
2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd	2 mgd			

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

May 8, 2023

401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710 254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor And Members of City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Port Lavaca, Texas' (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas May 8, 2023

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

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## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Pass-through Expenditures
U, S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Passed through the Texas General Land Office:				
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	20-065-071-C198	\$ 1,824,340	\$ -
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	MIT 22-087-001-D226	765,452	
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			2,589,792	
Total Texas General Land Office			2,589,792	
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Develop	oment		2,589,792	
U, S. Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	N/A	3,167	
Total Direct Programs			3,167	
Total U. S. Department of Justice			3,167	
U. S. Department of Treasury				
Passed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management:				
COVID-19 - State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP Act)	21.027	COVID-19	22,005	
Total Texas Division of Emergency Management			22,005	
Total U. S. Department of Treasury			22,005	
U, S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management:				
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	4332-341-TX	548,842	
Total Texas Division of Emergency Management			548,842	
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			548,842	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>3,163,806</u>	\$

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note I of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal awards programs of the City. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### **Indirect Costs**

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not

considered a material weakness? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not

considered a material weakness? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 100.516(a) None

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s): Name of Program or Cluster:

14.228 CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B federal programs. \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee

for federal single audit?

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

#### **Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards**

None

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

None

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# CITY OF PORT LAVACA 202 N. VIRGINIA ST PORT LAVACA, TX 77979

www.portlavaca.org

